Elements Strategy Initiative for Catalysts and Batteries Director: Tsunehiro Tanaka (Kyoto University)

Methodology for developing high-performance automotive catalysts and secondary batteries

Research Project Outline for 3rd Phase (FY2018-2021)

PGM reduction in automotive catalysts and high-performance sodium batteries

- © Developments of noble-metal-free catalyst systems based on reaction mechanisms.
- ©Elucidation of metal-support interaction and design of high-performance catalysts.
- © Practical and rational developments of sodium ion batteries.

©Searching novel electrolytes with safety and high-performance.

 \rightarrow Developing technologies for PGM-reduced three-way catalysts and high-performance sodium battery systems and elucidating the reaction mechanisms to develop novel catalyst and battery materials.

Research Results (FY2019)





♦ Interaction between catalysis supports with high anchoring effect and metals in Pd/Sr₃Ti₂O₇

- ✓ Pd/Sr₃Ti₂O₇: three-way catalyst with high thermal stability superior to benchmark catalysts
- \checkmark Pd atom is epitaxially supported due to metal-support interaction through oxygen atom (anchoring effect). Constant particle size \sim 2 nm during aging.

High activity after aging at 1000 °C due to high anchoring effect

S. Hosokawa, C. Watanabe, T. Tanabe, H. Asakura, K. Teramura, T. Tanaka, To be published in Appl. Catal. B



Pd atom is epitaxially supported on lattice plane Stripes due to mismatch in atomic distances

◆TFEP: novel solvent for electrolyte with safety and high-performance

Rational design and synthesis of solvent molecules applicable to LIB and NIB
SEI formation, flame retardance, oxidation resistance applicable to design of batteries with safety, high-voltage, and long-life.

Rational design of solvent molecules with high-performance: SEI formation; five-membered ring, oxidation resistance; F(fluorine), flame retardance; P(phosphorus)

Q. Zheng, Y. Yamada, R. Shang, S. Ko, Y. Lee, K. Kim, E. Nakamura, A. Yamada, Nature Energy., 2020, 5, 291-298.

Synthesis of hard carbon of high capacity using MgO

✓ New synthesis method of hard carbon with micropores using magnesium gluconate/glucose as precursors

 \checkmark Ratio of carbon stored in sodium: NaC $_{4.6},$ 480 mA h g $^{-1}.$

Successful synthesis of hard carbon with micropores of high capacity (480 mA h g⁻¹)

A. Kamiyama, K. Kubota, S. Komaba, et al.,presented in 6th International Conference on Sodium Batteries, Naperville, USA 2019 November



Two-fold increase in capacity of hard carbon in 8 years

♦ NO reduction by lattice oxygen in Sr₃Fe₂O₇: noble-metal-free LNT

✓ Development of Pt-free LNT superior to Pt/Ba/Al₂O₃

✓ Layered perovskite Sr₃Fe₂O₇ oxidizes NO in SrFe perovskite layer and stores NO₂ in SrO rock salt layer, showing dual function materials.

 \checkmark Rate determining step of NO reduction is diffusion process of lattice oxygen

Elucidation of mechanisms of NO reduction in NOx stored $Sr_3Fe_2O_7$ catalyst

K. Tamai, S. Hosokawa, K. Ohnishi, C. Watanabe, K. Kato, H. Okamoto, H. Asakura, K. Teramura, ACS Catal. 2020, 10, 2528-2537



Dynamics of NO reduction by lattice oxygen



イオン伝導度

フッ素化環状リン酸エステル

(TFEP)

0.7 versus 2.19

Conductivity (mS cm⁻¹

電位窓 4.4 versus 4.9

Potential window

(anodic limit, V)

Excellent properties of TFEP solvent as electrolyte