## Synthesis and neutron diffraction of iron-based high- $T_c$ superconductor $^{154}$ SmFeAsO<sub>1-x</sub>D<sub>x</sub>

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Electron-doped SmFeAsO shows the highest critical temperature  $(T_c)$  among all iron-based superconductors. Antiferromagnetic (AFM) fluctuations have been proposed to be one of important pairing glue of the high  $T_c$  superconductivity. Thus, it is crucial to determine the magnetic structure of adjacent AFM phase to the superconducting phase to understand the origin of the high  $T_c$  superconductivity.

Neutron diffraction is the most widely used technique to determine the magnetic structure. However, due to the prohibitively large neutron absorption cross-section of natural Sm, the magnetic ground state of non-doped as well as electron-doped SmFeAsO have not been determined yet. Therefore, we synthesized Sm-isotope-substituted samples ( $^{154}$ SmFeAsO $_{1-x}$ D $_x$ ), and constructed the electronic phase diagram by neutron diffraction and heat capacity measurements.

Figures 1a-c show the phase diagram of <sup>154</sup>SmFeAsO<sub>1-x</sub>D<sub>x</sub>, the AFM structure at x = 0 (AFM1) and 0.73 (AFM2), respectively. The AFM1 structure was a conventional stripe-type order observed in AFM phases of other iron-based superconductors, while the AFM2 showed an incommensurate-type magnetic structure. The magnetic moment on Fe site reached to be  $2.73\mu_B/Fe$ , which is the largest value among all iron-based superconductors except a Mott-insulating K<sub>2</sub>Fe<sub>4</sub>Se<sub>5</sub>. The unique phase diagram, *i.e.*, highest-*T*c superconducting phase adjacent to the strongly correlated phase in electron-overdoped regime, yields important clues to the unconventional origins of superconductivity.



Figure 1: Phase diagram of  ${}^{154}$ SmFeAsO<sub>1-x</sub>D<sub>x</sub> (a) and magnetic structures at x = 0 and 0.73 (b and c).

## **Bibliography**

[1] S. Iimura et al.,; Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, A114(22), E4354 (2017).

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https://www.ill.eu/press-and-news/press-room/press-releases/ill-d20s-neutron-beam-yields-important-cl ues-to-the-unconventional-origins-of-superconductivity-april-2017/