帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:5~6月 思い出「大型連休の思い出」①

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き : 学校・家庭生活の思い出 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・事実・情報を伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料 : 過去形(一般動詞) など / funny
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例

Did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays? / Yes, I did. / That's nice. / What did you enjoy? / I enjoyed (cooking). / You enjoyed (cooking). That's good.

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発	話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例	指導上の留意点
①Interactive Teacher Talk T: It was the Golden Week last week. Did you have fun? I enjoye Did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays? Yes? (全体に問いか S1, Did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays? T: That's nice. What did you do? T: I went to Tokyo. How about you? T: You went to Fukui. That's nice. How about you, S2? Did you e T: What did you do? T: Oh, You went to Osaka. That's good. What did you do in Osak T: Wow, you enjoyed (こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う)	njoy it?	①Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: Yes! S1: Yes. S1: えーと??? S1: ああ、I go to Fukui. S2: Yes. S2: I went to Osaka. S2:	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the Golden Week holidays in pairs.	②S-S Interaction 1 対 A: Did you enjoy the Go A: That's nice. What did	olden Week holidays? B: Yes.	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say "~へ行った"?(学級全体へ問いかける) T: That's right. "I went to Tokyo." "I went to USJ." OK? S3, ca T: Very good. Anything else? T: What was the first question? (学級全体へ問いかける)	n you say that?	③Sharing Time S3:「~へ行った」って何と言うのですか。 S4: I go to ~? S5: I went to ~. じゃない S3: I went to Kyoto. S6: はじめの質問は、何と言うのか Ss: "Did you enjoy the Golden Week holida 	●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
new pairs. C: Did y	nteraction 2 対話例 bu enjoy the Golden Week s nice. What did you do?	holidays? B: Yes. B: I enjoyed tennis.	④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:5~6月 思い出「大型連休の思い出」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:学校・家庭生活の思い出 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・事実・情報を伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料:過去形(一般動詞)など /kick
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例

Did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays? / Yes, I did. / That's nice. / What did you do? / I enjoyed (cooking). / You enjoyed (cooking). That's good.

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の多	注話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
T: Last time, we talked about the Golden Week holidays. Do you remember? I went to Tokyo. It was really fun! Did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays? Yes? (全体に問いかける) S3, Did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays? T: That's nice. What did you do? T: You played soccer. That's good. Can you kick the ball well(ジェスチャー)? That's cool! How about you, S4? Did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays? T: Yes, you did? What did you do? (こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う) ②S-S Interaction 1		①Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: Yes. Ss: Yes! S3: Yes. S3: I play soccer. S3: Yes! S4: Yes. S4: I play tennis.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導 ②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要
T: Let's talk about the Golden Week holidays in pairs. ②S-S Interaction 1 対話化 A: Did you enjoy the Golde A: That's nice. What did yo A: Cooking. That's good. N		n Week holidays? B: Yes, I did. u do? B: Cooking.	はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say "料理"?(学級全体へ問いかける) T: That's right. 料理するのを楽しんだんだから T: Very good. "I enjoyed cooking." S3, Can you say that? "I enjoy T: Perfect! Anything else? T: That's OK! How do you ask?(学級全体へ問いかける) T: Good. So, S8, did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays?	yed cooking."	③Sharing S5:「料理」つて何と言うのですか。 S6: Cooking? S7: Enjoy cooking? S5: I enjoyed cooking. S8: はじめの質問,また忘れちゃった Ss: "Did you enjoy the Golden Week holidays?"	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要 はない) ● キーワード等の使用 ● パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ● 対話の継続
C: I C: °	nall Talk2 対話例 Did you enjoy the Golden Wee Fhat's nice. What did you do? You enjoyed cooking. That's go /hat cooking?	A: I enjoyed cooking.	④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:5~6月 人紹介「私の家族」①

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:家族のこと(・紹介する)
- 2. 主な言語材料: *be動詞*形容詞など/ strict, introduce, funny
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 This is my father, Takeshi. He is a baseball fan. He is funny.
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び	各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
(1)Interactive Teacher Talk T: Everyone, please look at this picture.(教師の This is my father. He is a baseball fan. He is Do you have any brothers or sisters? Do you T: S1, please show me your picture. Who is this T: Oh, I see. This is your sister. (こうしたやり耳	sometimes <u>strict</u> . How about your family? ı have any pets? (全体に問いかける) s?	①Interactive Teacher Talk S1: My sister.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
②S-S Interaction 1 Now introduce your family to your partner.	②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: This is my father. A: His name is Akira. He likes baseball.	B: OK. This is your father. B: Do you like your father?	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: S2, please introduce your family. T: OK. What's his name? T: OK. T: Oh, your father likes baseball. Do you like b T: I see. Thank you. T: S2 さんのように情報を付け足したり、先生の ④S-S Interaction 2 T: Introduce your family again		(3)Sharing S2: This is my father. S2: Takeshi. S2: He likes baseball. S2: No. I like soccer.	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続 ④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認
to your new partner.	④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: This is my father, Takeshi. He is a baseball fan A: Yes. I like baseball, too. A: Yes, and my father likes the Giants, too.	. B: Oh, I see. Do you like baseball? B: Do you like the Giants?	

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:5~6月 人紹介「私の家族」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:家族のこと(・紹介する)
- 2. 主な言語材料: *be動詞*形容詞など/ strict, introduce, funny
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 This is my father, Takeshi. He is a baseball fan. He is funny.
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対	対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
(1) Interactive Teacher Talk T: Please show me your picture. S1, you have Please tell me about your pet. T: So cute! I want a dog. Do you have any pet T: A rabbit? Show me the picture, please. Wow T: What's her name? (こうしたやり取りを、数	ss, everyone? , it is so big. How old is it?	①Interactive Teacher Talk S1: This is my pet, Taro. He is a chihuahua. S2: I have a rabbit. S2: She is two years old. S2: Her name is Momo.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
②S-S Interaction 1 Now introduce your family to your partner.	②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: This is my pet, Shiro. A: 4. Shiro can run fast.	B: Oh, so cute. How old?	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: S1, please introduce your family. T: Oh, Shiro is so cute. Shiro is 4 years old, rig T: I see. Do you like him? T: What is おもしろい in English, everyone? T: Funny. T: Yes, So he is cute and funny.	ght? Is Shiro a boy or girl?	③Sharing S3: This is my pet, Shiro. Shiro is 4. S3: Boy. And Shiro can run fast. S3: Yes. He is cute and, かわいい. Ss:? Ss: あー、聞いたことある。 A: Yes, he is cute and <u>funny</u> .	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
<u>4</u> S-S Interaction 2 OK. Now change partners. Then <u>introduce</u> your family to your new patner.	(4)S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: This is my pet, Shiro. B: So cut A: Yes, He is so cute and funny. B: I have A: Oh, really? What's the name? B: F		<u>4)S−S Interaction 2</u> ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:5~6月 日本の文化「今年のお花見」①

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:お花見(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料: want to~·動詞·形容詞
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 What food do you want to bring? What do you want to do? I want to bring hambergers. I want to enjoy singing.
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(数師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
T: Did you have a <i>ohanami</i> party this year? T: Did you enjoy it?		①Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: Yes, I did. Ss: Of course. S1: I want to enjoy singing.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
T: Let's talk about <i>ohanami</i> in pairs.	②S-S Interaction 1 A: Did you have a ohanam A: Did you enjoy it? A: What do you want to do	i party this year? B: Yes, I did. B: I want to enjoy delicious food. o when you have a <i>ohanami</i> party? B: I want to enjoy talking with my family.	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを 行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: どこか聞くときには? T: Right. So you can say, "Where do you war T: Good!	nt to go?"	③Shareing S2: どこに行ったのか聞きたいときにはどう言えばいいですか? S2: Where? S2: I see. Where do you want to go?	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続 ④S-S Interaction 2
T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.	C: Yes. I enjoyed it. A: Where did you go C: I went to Daigoji A: Good! What do y	hanami party this year? ?	④/S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:5~6月 日本の文化「今年のお花見」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:お花見(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料: want to~·動詞·形容詞
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 What food do you want to bring? What do you want to do? I want to bring hambergers. I want to enjoy singing.
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対	†話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
(1) Interactive Teacher Talk T: Last time, we talked about a ohanami party. Sohamami party? T: OK, what do you want to eat? T: Why? T: I see. That's a good idea. So you want to brint T: Yes. You want to take hanami bento	ng hanami bento.	(1) Interactive Teacher Talk S1: I want to enjoy delicious food. S1: I want to eat hanami bento. S1: It's special! It's delicious. S1: Bring? S1: I see. I want to bring hanami bento.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導 ②S-S Interaction 1
②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about <i>ohanami</i> in pairs.	②S-S Interaction 1 A: What do you want to do when you B: I want to eat delicious food. A: What do you want to bring? B: I want to bring hanami dango.	have a ohanami party?	以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: You can say, "have a BBQ". ④S-S Interaction 2		③Sharing S2: バーベキューをするってどう言うのですか。	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを 行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.	 <u>AS-S Interaction 2</u> A: What do you want to do when you he C: I want to have a BBQ. A: What do you want to bring? C: I want to bring meat. Beef, pork, and A: And vegitables, too. 		④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:7~9月 ~したいこと/予定「暑い季節に食べたいもの」(1)

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き: したいこと (コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料: be 動詞、一般動詞、不定詞、疑問詞
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例

What food do you want to eat in summer? / I want to eat ice cream. / Why? / It's sweet and delicious. / What ice cream flavor do you like? / I like chocolate.

言語活動 及び 各対話(言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点	
①Interactive Teacher Talk T: It's really hot these days. It's almost summer! What food do T: I want to eat cucumbers because they're healthy. How abo T: You want to eat watermelons. I like them, too. Why do you T: Yes, they're sweet. How about you, S2? What food do you な徒と行う)	ut you, S1? What food do you want to eat in summer like watermelons?	S1: Sweet.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導 *「増加する語」としてhealthyを用いるため に、キュウリの他にもトマトなどの夏野菜で も導入することができる。	
T: Let's talk in pairs about the food you want to eat in summer.	A: That's good. Why?	B: I want to eat watermelons. B: Yes, I do. B: Well <u>Sweet</u> . 3: Oh, really?	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認	
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say みずみずしい?(学級全体へ問いかける) T: Good guess. Juicy. 文にするとどうなるかな。ペアで相談して	ごらん。	③Sharing S3:「みずみずしいです」って何と言う のですか。 S4: like water? S5: Juice?	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続	
(A)S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.	, •	C: I want to eat watermelons. C: Yes, I do. C: They're <u>sweet</u> and juicy. C: Oh, really?	④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認	

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:7~9月 ~したいこと/予定「暑い季節に食べたいもの」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き: したいこと (コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料: be 動詞、一般動詞、不定詞、疑問詞
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例

What food do you want to eat in summer? / I want to eat ice cream. / Why? / It's sweet and delicious. / What ice cream flavor do you like? / I like chocolate.

言語活動 及び 各対話	例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
①Interactive Teacher Talk T: It's very hot today. Last time, we talked about what eat watermelons. Watermelons are <u>sweet</u> and juicy. Wh問いかける)Now, I want to eat shaved ice because it's What food do you want to eat in summer? T: You want to eat ice cream. That's nice. Why do you T: It's cold and <u>delicious</u> . I love them, too. How about you summer? (こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う)	at food do you want to eat in summer?(全体にs also <u>sweet</u> and <u>delicious</u> . How about you, S1? like it?	(1)Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: Yes. S1: I want to eat ice creams. S1: It's cold.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk in pairs about the food you want to eat in summer.	②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: What food do you want to eat in summer A: Oh, you want to eat ice cream. A: That's nice. Why?		②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全 てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③ <u>Sharing</u> T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say アイスクリームの何味が好きですか T: Good <u>guess</u> . Ice cream flavor. 文にするとどうなるか ⁷ T: <u>Okay</u> . Which ice cream flavor do you like?		③Sharing S3:「アイスクリームの何味が好きです か」って何と言うのですか。 S4:Ice cream, yummy? S5:Flavor?	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
①S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.	④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: What food do you want to eat in summer? A: Oh, you want to eat ice cream. A: That's nice. Why? A: Which ice cream flavor do you like?	C: I want to eat ice cream. C: Yes, I love ice cream. C: It's <u>sweet</u> and <u>delicious</u> . C: I like chocolate.	<u>④S-S Interaction 2</u> ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:7~9月 好きなもの・こと「好きな教科」①

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:好きな教科(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・相手の行動を促す)
- 2. 主な言語材料: ·What ~ do you like?·動詞·形容詞など/excellent
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 A: What subject do you like? B: P.E. A: Oh, I see. (相手の答えに対し、相づちをうつ、繰り返す、質問する)
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

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言語活動及び各対話例(教師の	発話例)	言語活動及び各対話例(生徒の発話例)	留意事項
(1)Interactive Teacher Talk	16	(1)Interactive Teacher Talk	1)Interactive Teacher Talk
It's May now. You have studied at junior high scho What do you study every day? What subjects do y		Co. Facilists Mathematic	●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け
what do you study every day? What subjects do y	ou study every day?	Ss: English. Math and	● 音楽への息融刊刊
Right. You study many subjects every day. Of co	ırse İ like English hut when		●正確で及び週めでに因する指令
I was a junior high school student, I liked P.E. How	<u> </u>		
	•		
T: S1, what subject do you like?		S1: I like P.E.	
T: Oh, I see. You like P.E. That's (nice/excellent/	good). Who likes P.E.?		②S-S Interaction 1
②S-S Interaction 1			以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全て を行う必要はない)
T: Let's talk about the subject you like in pairs.			●聞き手のモデル
1. Let's talk about the subject you like in pairs.			●取組状況の確認
	(2)C C I-+1		
	②S-S Interaction 1 A: What subject do you lik	2	
		.e?	
	B: Japanese.		
	A: Oh, Japanese. Me, too.	1	
3 Sharing		3 Sharing	3Sharing
T: S2, what subject do you like?		S2: 社会。	以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全て
T: Oh, social studies. You like social studies.		S2: OK. Social studies. I like social studies.	を行う必要はない)
T: Very good.			●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起)
			●ハランレース(成省表現の想起) ●対話の継続
			一 メリョロ ロン 小型 小りし
<u>(4)</u> S-S Interaction 2			4 S-S Interaction 2
T: Let's talk about the same topic again			●変容の確認
in new pairs.	4 S-S Interaction 2		
	A: What subject do you like	e?	
	C: Social studies.		
	A: Really? Why?		

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:7~9月 好きなもの・こと「好きな教科」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:好きな教科(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・相手の行動を促す)
- 2. 主な言語材料: ·What ~ do you like?·動詞·形容詞など/excellent
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 A: What subject do you like? B: P.E. A: Oh, I see. (1ターンの会話でも、相手の答えに対し、相づちをうつ、繰り返す、質問する)
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動及び各対話例(教師の発話例))	言語活動及び各対話例(生徒の発話例)	留意事項
①Interactive Teacher Talk What is your today's schedule? How about the 1st period? How about the 2nd period? Yes. Do you like science(出てきた教科を順に)? What subject do you like?	,	①Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: Science. Ss: Music.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the subject you like in pairs.	②S-S Interaction A: What subject do B: Science. A: Oh, Science. I s	you like?	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: S1, what subject do you like? T: Oh, you like Japanese. Do you like <i>Kanji</i> ? T: Do you like reading books? T: Me, too.		③Sharing S1: 国語 S1: Yes, I like Japanese. S1: No, I don't. S1: Yes.	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.	 (4) S-S Interaction 2 A: What subject do C: Japanese A: Me too. Why? C: I like reading book 		④ S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:10~12月 好きなこと・もの「秋にする好きなこと」①

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き: 秋に好きなすること(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・相手の行動を促す)
- 2. 主な言語材料: •What do you like?•動詞•形容詞など / lovely / healthy
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 A: What do you like ~ in autumn? B: I like reading books. A: Oh, I see. Why? B: I like ~. (相手の答えに対し、相づちをうつ、説明する、質問をする)
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

T: Let's talk about your favorite things to do in autumn in pairs. ② S−S Interaction 1 A: What do you like doing in autumn? B: 読書。 A: Me too. What book do you like? ③ Sharing ③ Sharing	言語活動及び各対話例(教師の発話	例)	言語活動及び各対話例(生徒の発話例)	留意事項
T: S1, what do you like doing in autumn? T: Oh, I see. You like playing sports. What sports do you like playing? T: Oh, you like playing tennis! Who is your favorite player?(4~5人に聞く) ②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about your favorite things to do in autumn in pairs. ②S-S Interaction 1 A: What do you like doing in autumn? B: 読書。 A: Me too. What book do you like? ③Sharing T: S2, what do you like doing in autumn? T: Do you like watching sports or playing sports? T: Oh, I see. What sports do you like playing? T: Wow. What's your position? ④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs. S1: Sports. S1: Tennis. S2: I like playing think the playing holic f75。(每時間全てを行う必要はない) ● 本行う必要はない) ● オーワード等の使用 ● パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ● 対話の継続 ④ S-S Interaction 2 A: What do you like playing sports. C: Sports. A: Do you like playing sports or watching sports? C: Sports. A: Do you like playing sports or watching sports? C: I like watching sports or watching sports? A: Unateraction 2 E: Sorts. A: Do you like playing sports or watching sports? C: I like watching sports. A: I see. What sports do you like?	Autumn is a <u>lovely</u> season to do things. I like reading be atutumn. It's so quiet and I can see the beautiful moon reading books in autumn?	in the sky. Do you like		●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け
② S-S Interaction 1 A: What do you like doing in autumn? B: 読書。 A: Me too. What book do you like? ③Sharing T: S2, what do you like doing in autumn? T: Do you like watching sports or playing sports? T: Oh, I see. What sports do you like playing? T: Wow. What's your position? ④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs. ② S-S Interaction 1 A: What do you like doing in autumn? S2: I like playing sports. S2: I like playing sports. S2: I like playing soccer. ④ S-S Interaction 2 A: What do you like doing in autumn? C: Sports. A: Do you like playing sports or watching sports? C: I like watching sports. A: I see. What sports do you like?	T: S1, what do you like doing in autumng? T: Oh, I see. You like playing sports. What sports do you T: Oh, you like playing tennis! Who is your favorite playing SS-S Interaction 1	ou like playing? er?(4~5人に聞く)	•	以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全て を行う必要はない)
T: S2, what do you like doing in autumn? T: Do you like watching sports or playing sports? T: Do you like watching sports or playing sports? T: Oh, I see. What sports do you like playing? T: Wow. What's your position? ④ S-S Interaction 2 A: What do you like doing in autumn? C: Sports. A: Do you like playing sports or watching sports? C: I like watching sports? C: I like sports. □ N → D ∪ N → T → N → E 計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) □ オーワード等の使用 □ パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) □ 対話の継続 ④ S-S Interaction 2 A: What do you like doing in autumn? C: Sports. A: Do you like playing sports or watching sports? C: I like watching sports. A: Do you like playing sports do you like?	A B	: What do you like doing : 読書。		
④ S−S Interaction 2 A: What do you like doing in autumn? ① S−S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs. A: Do you like playing sports or watching sports? C: I like watching sprots. A: I see. What sports do you like?	T: S2, what do you like doing in autumn? T: Do you like watching sports or playing sports?		S2: I like sports. S2: I like playing sports.	以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起)
	4)S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again	A: What do you lik C: Sports. A: Do you like play C: I like watching s A: I see. What spo	ing sports or watching sports?	

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:10~12月 好きなこと・もの「秋にする好きなこと」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:秋に好きなすること(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・相手の行動を促す)
- 2. 主な言語材料: •What do you like?•動詞•形容詞など / lovely / healthy
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 A: What do you like ~ in autumn? B: I like reading books. A: Oh, I see. Why? B: I like ~ (相手の答えに対し、相づちをうつ、説明す
- る、質問をする)
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動及び各対話例(教師の発話例)		言語活動及び各対話例(生徒の発話例)	留意事項
1 Interactive Teacher Talk		①Interactive Teacher Talk	①Interactive Teacher Talk
Yesterday I jogged. It was nice and healthy. I like jogging i How about you? Do you like jogging in autumn? How about other things? What do you like doiing in autumn		Ss: Yes / No.	●話題の提供●語彙への意識付け●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
		doing in autumn? cer because it's not hot and cold. I like playing soccer?	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確
③Sharing T: S1, what do you like doing? T: You like reading books. What book do you like reading? (など状況に応じて言い直しを聞かせるなどfeedbackを行う)		③Sharing S1: Reading book.	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
in new pairs. A: V C: I A: \ C: I	S-S Interaction 2 What do you like doin like playing soccer to see. What's your pose many goalkeeper. Oh, great!	pecause it's not too hot.	④ S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:10~12月 人紹介「私のヒーロー」①

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:したいこと・予定 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料:be 動詞、形容詞、接続詞
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 Who is your hero?/〇〇 is my hero. / She is always <u>brave</u>. / I want to be like her. / I want to talk with her.
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)		言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点	
① Interactive Teacher Talk T: I like to watch TV. Do you like to watch TV? When I was a kid, I really liked to watch TV. On Sunday mornings, I sat in front of the TV, and watched an action hero program.		(1) <u>Interactive Teacher Talk</u> Ss: Yes, I do.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導	
The hero was always <u>brave</u> , <u>smart</u> , <u>bright</u> and sometin	nes he was <u>shy</u> . hero. He gave me lots of power. How about you? Who is your	Ss: OO! S1: OOis my hero. He is very strong.	②S-S Interaction 1	
② S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about your hero in pairs.	② S-S Interaction1 A: Who is your hero, B? B:○○ is my hero.He is very st How about you? Who is your h	•	以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認 ③Sharing	
③ <u>Sharing</u> T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say "テレビで見た" in English?	A: □□is my hero. She is always <u>brave</u> . B: Oh, I see. □□ is your hero.			
T: Yes, watch TV, watch TV, I watch him/ her on TV. T: Yes. I watched him/ her on TV. Watched. 4 S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again		S3:「テレビで見た」ってなんて言うんですか。 Ss:TV! Watch.! I TV watch. Ss: I watch him/her on TV. Ss: I watched him/her on TV.	●対話の継続 (4) S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認	
in new pairs.	④ S-S Interaction 2 A: Who is your hero, C?			
	C: O is my hero. He is very s How about you? Who is your l A: D is my hero. She is always <u>brave</u> . I watched him/ her on C: Oh, I see. D is your hero	nero, A? TV.		

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:10~12月 人紹介「私のヒーロー」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:したいこと・予定 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料:be 動詞、形容詞、不定詞
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例 Who is your hero?/〇〇 is my hero. / She is always <u>brave</u>. / I want to be like her. / I want to talk with her.
- 4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
ences to it.	(1) Interactive Teacher Talk Ss:Yes. S1: OO is my hero. He is very strong. I want to meet him	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
② S.S Interaction 1	S2: □□ is my hero. She is always brave. I want to be like her.	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル
A: Who is your hero, B? B: ○ is my her I want to meet h How about you? A: □ □ is my hero. She is always <u>brave</u> . I want to be	im. Who is your hero, A? De like her.	●取組状況の確認
k with him.	③ Sharing S3:「話をしたい」ってなんて言うんですか。 Ss: Talk! want totalk? Ss: You want to talk with him? You? Ss: I want to talk with him.	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
How about you? Wh A: $\square\square$ is my hero. She is always <u>brave</u> . I want to be lik I want to talk with her.		④ S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認
	B: ○ is my her I want to meet h How about you? A: □ is my hero. She is always brave. I want to be B: Oh, I see. □ □ Ik with him. 4 S-S Interaction 2 A: Who is your hero, C? C: ○ is my her How about you? A: □ is my hero. She is always brave. I want to be I want to talk with her.	e we talked about your hero. ences to it. be like him/her." S1: 〇〇 is my hero. He is very strong. I want to meet him. S2: □□ is my hero. She is always brave. I want to be like her. ② S-S Interaction 1 A: Who is your hero, B? B:○ is my hero. He is very strong. I want to meet him. How about you? Who is your hero, A? A: □□ is my hero. She is always brave. I want to be like her. B: Oh, I see. □□ is your hero. Wonderful. ③ Sharing S3: 「話をしたい」つてなんて言うんですか。Ss: Talk! want totalk? Ss: You want to talk with him? You? Ss: I want to talk with him? ④ S-S Interaction 2 A: Who is your hero, C? C:○ is my hero. He is very strong. I want to meet him. How about you? Who is your hero, A? A: □□ is my hero. She is always brave. I want to be like her.

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:1~3月 思い出「1年間の思い出」①

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:学校・家庭生活の思い出 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする、事実・情報を伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料: 過去形(一般動詞、be動詞)など/miss
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例

What is your best memory? / My best memory is (sports day). / (Sports day). That's nice. What did you do? / I enjoyed (a relay race). / You enjoyed (a relay race). / That's good. Tell me more, please. / (I don't like running, but my friends cheered me, so I was happy)! / That's great!

I. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動 <i>0</i>)時間を使って実施)			
言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例) (①Interactive Teacher Talk T: It's March 1st today. It's the last month of your 1st-grade-year! Time flies! I'll miss you. Yes. Next month, you will join the new class, so I'll miss you. T: Yes, I'll miss you So, my best memory is the field trip. How about you, S1? What is your best memory? T: Your best memory is sports day. That's good. What did you do? T: 何て言うといいかな。 T: Voice fight!? It's OK, any ideas? T: Nice idea! (S1に向かつて) "I enjoyed cheering." Can you say that? T: Good. (こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う)		言語活動及び対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点	
			①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導	
②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the best memory in pairs.	②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: What is your best memory? A: The chorus festival. That's nice. What A: You like singing. Me, too	B: My best memory is the chorus festival. t did you do? B: I enjoyed singing. I like singing.	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認	
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say "感動した", everyone? T: "Wow!"? That's good. 感動って、心を動かされるんだよで: "Great! "I was moved." S2, can you say that? T: Very good. So, what is your best memory, S2? T: The chorus festival. Oh, I see. You listened to music, a T: Oh, you enjoyed singing, and you were moved? That's w	nd you were moved.	③Sharing S2: How do you say "感動した"? S3: Wow! S4: Move? S2: I was moved. S2: My best memory is the chorus festival. S2: Um I enjoyed sing, and I was moved.	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続	
(A)S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.	C: Chorus festival. That's good. What did you do? C: Moved. That's great!	B: My best memory is the chorus festival. B: I enjoyed singing. I like singing, so I was moved B: Um, I sing 'Believe.' It's a nice song. I like the lyrics	④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認	

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:1~3月 思い出「1年間の思い出」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き:学校・家庭生活の思い出 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする、事実・情報を伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料:過去形(一般動詞、be動詞)など/delicious, successful
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例

What is your best memory? / My best memory is (sports day). / (Sports day). That's nice. What did you do? / I enjoyed (a relay race). / You enjoyed (a relay race). / That's good. Tell me more, please. / (I don't like running, but my friends cheered me, so I was happy)! / That's great!

言語活動 及び 名	·対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動及び対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
①Interactive Teacher Talk T: Last time, we talked about the best memory of this year, right? My best memory is the field trip. It was exciting! I enjoyed cooking. The curry and rice we made was delicious! How about you, S3? What is your best memory? T: Your best memory is sports day. That's good. What did you do? T: You enjoyed tug-of-war? That's nice. How was it? T: That's good. How about you, S4? (こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う) ②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the best memory in pairs.		①Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: Yes! S3: My best memory is sports day. S1: I enjoyed tug-of-war. S2: It was fun!	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導
	A: Chorus festival. That's good. What did you do? A: Moved. That's great! Anything else? B: Ut	y best memory is the chorus festival. enjoyed singing. I like singing, so I was moved. m, I like 'Believe.' It's nice song. like the lyrics	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say "成功した", everyone? T: Very good. "My best memory is the chorus festival. It was successful." T: Well done, S2. Anything else? T: That's OK. No problem. (忘れるのは当たり前、という構えで受け止める。) How do you say "感動した"? S3: Success? S2: It was successful. S4: How do you say "感動した"? 忘れちゃった。 Ss: I was moved!			③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
(4)S-S Intergaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.	C: Chorus festival. That's nice. What did you do? B: I enjoy	st memory is the chorus festival. ed singing. We sang 'Believe.' nis song because the lyrics are nice!	④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認
	not god	actice singing very hard. First, our song was od, but in the chorus festival, it was successful! ras moved!	

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:1~3月 ~したいこと/予定「将来したいこと・職場体験でしたいこと」①

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き: したいこと (コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料:be 動詞、一般動詞、不定詞、疑問詞
- 3. 目指す生徒の発話例

What do you want to be in the future? / I want to be a fire fighter. / Why do you think so? / Because they save lives. They're so cool.

言語活動	及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
world. Can you guess what they are? T: Excellent. What do you want to be in the T: I want to be a counselor in the future. I v about you, S1? T: You want to be a fire fighter. Sounds goo	ther, right? My "Dream" There are a lot of jobs around the future?(全体に問いかける) vant to help people in need. I want to <u>solve</u> their problems. How od. Why do you think so? You think they're cool. That's true. と?(こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う)	S1: I want to be a fire fighter.	①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導 *「増加する語」として、solveを用いるため、 カウンセラーという職業を話題として取り上げている。
②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about your dream in pairs.	②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: What do you want to be in the future A: That's wonderful. Why do you think s A: I think so, too.	b. I want to be a fire fighter.	②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全 てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say 命を救う?(学級全体へ「T: Good guess. Help. Save. 文にするとどうな	問いかける) さるかな。ペアで相談してごらん。	③Sharing S3:「命を救う」って何と言うのですか。 S4: Help. S5: Save.	③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全 てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.			④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第1学年 指導時期:1~3月 ~したいこと / 予定「将来したいこと / 職場体験でしたいこと」②

- 1. トピック及び言語の働き: したいこと (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える)
- 2. 主な言語材料: be 動詞、一般動詞、不定詞、疑問詞

3. 目指す生徒の発話例

Which place do you want to visit? / I want to visit a library because I want to be a librarian. / Why do you want to be? / I met a librarian last year. He was kind and clever. I respect him.

	- 言語活動 及び 各対話例(教		言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
①Interactive Teacher Talk T: Next year, you are going to have a job experience. You will have many things to learn through the real experience. Which place do you want to visit?(全体に問いかける) T: Okay. I want to visit a wedding hall because I want to know how they celebrate the guests. Which place do you want to visit, S1? T: You want to visit a library because you love books. That's wonderful. Do you often read books? Oh, you have a lot! Which place do you want to visit?(こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う) ①Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: Bakery. Supermarket. Flowershop. S1: I want to visit a library because I love books. S1: I want to visit a library because I love books. S1: Yes, I do. I have about fifty books now.			①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導 *「増加する語」として、celebrateを用いるため、結婚式場という場所を話題として取り上げているが、実態に応じて導入を工夫する。	
②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: Which place do you want to visit? T: Let's talk about your dream in pairs. B: I want to visit a library because I like books . A: Sounds interesting. How many books do you have? A: That's great.			②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認	
③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say ~を尊敬しています?(学級全体へ問いかける) T: Good guess. My hero. T: That's right. 文にするとどうなるかな。ペアで相談してごらん。 3)Sharing S3:「尊敬しています」って何と言うのです か。 S4: My hero. S5: Respect.				③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続
(4)S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same top in new pairs.	pic again	④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: Which place do you want to visit? C: I want to visit a library because I want A: Sounds interesting. A librarian? Why d C: Well, I met a librarian last year. He was A: That's great.	o you want to be?	④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認