

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:5~6月 思い出「週末にしたこと」①

1. トピック及び言語の働き: 週末にしたこと(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える)
2. 主な言語材料: 過去形(一般動詞、be動詞) What a (nice weekend)! / great, funny, boring
3. 目指す生徒の発話例: How was your (weekend)? It was (good). / What did you do? I (watched a movie). / How was it? It was (interesting).
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: Today, let's talk about what you did last weekend. T: Did you enjoy your weekend? Where did you go? What did you do? And how was it? Was it fun? (good?) Let's talk about last weekend.</p> <p>T: What did I do? I went to a movie theater to watch a movie last weekend. How was it? It was a story about (a boy and a pig). It was very <u>funny</u> and it made me laugh and happy. What did I do next? I did some shopping there. I bought some clothes. They were cheap. <u>What a nice weekend!</u></p> <p>T: How about you, everyone? Did you go anywhere last weekend? (4~5人に聞く) Oh, you went to the City Library to read some books. Did you enjoy reading? That's nice! How about everyone else?</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about what you did last weekend in pairs.</p> <p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: It's tuna.</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk A: Yes, I did. / No, I didn't. B: You watched a movie?</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: Where did you go? B: I went to Ken's house. There I played a video game with him. A: Good! What video game did you play? B: We enjoyed the tennis game. It was fun! A: I see. Who is stronger? You or Ken?</p> <p>③Sharing C: How do you say <i>maguro</i> in English? C: Thank you. Tuna.</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: Where did you go, C? C: I went shopping to a mall in Osaka. There I bought some T-shirts. They were my favorite styles. I was very happy. A: Sounds nice! After shopping, what did you do? C: Well, I ate sushi at a sushi restaurant in the mall. I ate a lot of tuna. I enjoyed eating and talking with my family. We had a happy time last</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p> <p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:5~6月 思い出「週末にしたこと」②

1. トピック及び言語の働き: 週末にしたこと(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える)
2. 主な言語材料: 過去形(一般動詞、be動詞)、What a (nice weekend)! / pray, awake, funny, delicious, boring
3. 目指す生徒の発話例: How was your (weekend)? It was (good). / What did you do? I (watched a movie). / How was it? It was (interesting).
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: OK, let's talk about what we did last weekend. How was your weekend? Did you have a good time? Where did you go? What did you do? And how was it? Was it fun? (good?) Let's talk about last weekend.</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about what you did last weekend in pairs.</p> <p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: We say cousin.</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk A: Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: Where did you go? B: I went to Ken's house. There I played a video game with him. A: Good! What video game did you play? B: We enjoyed the tennis game. It was fun! A: I see. Who is stronger? You or Ken? B: Ken. But I really enjoyed the game. I want to play it again.</p> <p>③Sharing B: How do you say <i>itoko</i> in English? B: Cousin. Thank you.</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: Did you go anywhere last weekend? C: Yes, I did. / No, I didn't. A: Oh, where did you go? / Oh, you didn't go anywhere. What did you do then? C: I went to Yamanashi. A: Oh, that's good. What did you do there? C: I enjoyed fishing. A: Who did you go with? / With who? C: With my cousin. A: Oh, you enjoyed fishing with your cousin. C: Right. I ate the fish. It was <u>delicious</u>. A: That's nice!</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 (毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p> <p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 (毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:5~6月 人紹介「私の家族」①

1. トピック及び言語の働き:家族のこと(・紹介する)
2. 主な言語材料:・動詞・形容詞・副詞・to不定詞・be going to~など/ healthy, miss, introduce, strict, maybe, every day
3. 目指す生徒の発話例: My mother is always busy. She gets up early to make breakfast. I want to help her. I'm going to wash dishes.
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: Yesterday, I talked with my mother on the phone. She lives in Osaka. She likes flowers and she is a flower arrangement teacher. She is fine, <u>healthy</u>, but she is over 70. So, I worry about her a little. I love her. I want to see her, but she lives in Osaka, so I can't meet her so often. I'm sad. I <u>miss</u> her. I am going to visit her next month. Please tell me about your family. T: Your mother is a nurse. Is she busy? T: I see. Is she kind? <u>Strict</u>? T: I'm strict to my children, too. Thank you, S1. (こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う)</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk S1: I have a father, a mother and a brother. My mother is a nurse.  S1: Yes. She is busy. S1: She is kind but a little <u>strict</u>. She is always busy.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p>
<p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Now please <u>introduce</u> your family. Work in pairs.</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: My mother is a teacher. She is very busy. B: Is she strict? A: Yes. She says "Study!" B: My mother, too. How about your father? A: He is a <u>会社員</u>. He is strict but funny.</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p>
<p>③Sharing T: S2 and S3, Please talk in front of the class. T: Thank you for volunteering. Their fathers are busy and funny. T: Remember, class, You can enjoy your conversation more if you ask some questions each other. By the way, what is <u>会社員</u> in English? T: Good <u>guess</u>! An office worker.</p>	<p>③Sharing  Ss: <u>会社員</u>? 会社はoffice?</p>	<p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p>
<p>④S-S Interaction 2 <u>Introduce</u> your family member to your partner again. Let's try again.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 C: My father is an office worker. He is kind but strict. D: Do you like him? C: Yes. I like my father, and I like my mother, too. D: Is she an office worker? C: No. She is not, not ... work. D: OK. C: <u>働いていないって何と言うのかな</u>. D: don't work? あ、doesn't workか</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:5~6月 人紹介「私の家族」②

1. トピック及び言語の働き: 家族のこと(・紹介する)
2. 主な言語材料: ・動詞・形容詞・副詞・to不定詞・be going to~など/ healthy, miss, introduce, strict, maybe, every day
3. 目指す生徒の発話例: My mother is always busy. She gets up early to make breakfast. I want to help her. I'm going to wash dishes.
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: In the last class, I was happy to know about your families. I remember that S1 said "My mother gets up early every day." Is that right, S1? T: What time does your mother usually get up?  T: What does she do early in the morning? T: For you? T: Oh, I see. Can you say that in a sentence? T: Great!! (こうしたやり取りを、数人の生徒と行う)</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk S1: Yes.  S1: About 5 every morning. Ss: 5!? S1: She makes obento.. S1: No, no. For my father and brother. S1: She makes obento for my, じゃなくてher father, いやいや her husband and son.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p>
<p>②S-S Interaction 1 Please <u>introduce</u> your family to your partner.</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: My mother and father get up at 6:30, and I get up about 7. B: Your mother makes obento? A: No. She makes breakfast. My father えっと、犬の散歩する B: 何やった? walk, walk with dog?</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p>
<p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? S2, please. T: Can you <u>guess</u>, everyone?  T: Good guess! 犬の散歩をする is "walk a dog" in English.</p>	<p>③Sharing S2: How do you say 犬の散歩をする in English? Ss: 散歩するはtake a walkだから、take a walk with a dog!  Ss: へえ～。そうなのか。</p>	<p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p>
<p>④S-S Interaction 2 OK. Now change partners. Then, introduce your family member to your new partner.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: My mother and father get up at 6:30. My mother makes breakfast and my father walks a dog. B: What is your dog's name? A: Can. He is very cute and funny. B: Is Can big? A: No, he is small. He is cheerful.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>


帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:7~9月 思い出「宿泊研修の思い出」①

- トピック及び言語の働き: 宿泊研修の思い出(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える・相手の行動を促す)
- 主な言語材料: 過去形(一般動詞、be動詞) / imagine, blow, draw, guess, set, step, breathe, jump, dry, carefully
- 目指す生徒の発話例: How was the school trip to (Norikura)? It was (a lot of fun)! / What did you enjoy? I enjoyed (watching the night sky).
- 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: Today, let's talk about the school trip to (Norikura). T: Did you have a good time? Did you enjoy your school trip to (Norikura)? What did you enjoy? And how was it? Was it fun? (good?) Let's talk about it.</p> <p>T: What memories do I have? Can you <u>imagine</u> them? We went to the big mountain and enjoyed a <i>Walk-Rally</i>. How was it? It was a lot of fun! The weather was very nice and walking on the mountain was very comfortable. How about you, everyone? What did you enjoy?</p> <p>T: What did you enjoy, S3? (4~5人に聞く) Oh, you enjoyed fishing in the sea. Did you catch a lot of fish? That's nice! How did you feel? Oh, you were excited. That's great!</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk</p> <p>S1: Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.</p> <p>S2: You enjoyed <i>Walk-Rally</i>, right?</p> <p>S3: Yes, I did. S3: I was excited!</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●話題の提供</li> <li>●語彙への意識付け</li> <li>●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</li> </ul> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●聞き手のモデル</li> <li>●取組状況の確認</li> </ul>
<p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the school trip in pairs.</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 対話例</p> <p>A: What did you enjoy? B: I enjoyed watching the night sky. There were a lot of stars in the sky. They were beautiful. A: That's nice! B: How about you, A? A: Well, I enjoyed cycling when I had free time. I could see a beautiful lake and a beautiful mountain. Do you like cycling, too? B: Yes, I do.</p>	<p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●キーワード等の使用</li> <li>●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起)</li> <li>●対話の継続</li> </ul>
<p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: You can say, "enjoyed kayaking."</p>	<p>③Sharing S4: I want to say "カヤックを楽しんだ" in English.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>
<p>④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 対話例</p> <p>C: What did you enjoy? A: I enjoyed swimming on the beach in our free time. I enjoyed kayaking, too! C: Sounds nice! Were you good at kayaking? A: No, not good at it. My friend Tomoko was better than I. I had a great time. C: That's nice! Nice talking with you.</p>	

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:7~9月 思い出「宿泊研修の思い出」②

1. トピック及び言語の働き: 宿泊研修の思い出(・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える・相手の行動を促す)
2. 主な言語材料: 過去形(一般動詞、be動詞) / imagine, blow, draw, guess, set, step, breathe, jump, dry, carefully
3. 目指す生徒の発話例: How was the school trip to (Norikura)? It was (a lot of fun)! / What did you enjoy? I enjoyed (watching the night sky).
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: OK, let's talk about how our school trip was. How was your school trip to (Norikura)? Did you have a good time? What did you enjoy? And how was it? Let's talk about our school trip to (Norikura).</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the school trip.</p> <p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? The milky way.</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: It was good! Ss: Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.</p> <p>③Sharing B: 「天の川」って何て言うのですか。</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p> <p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>
		

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:7~9月 したいこと・予定「オリンピック・パラリンピックで見たい競技」①

- トピック及び言語の働き:したいこと・予定 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える・相手の行動を促す)
- 主な言語材料:一般動詞の過去形、動名詞、仮定法、不定詞
- 目指す生徒の発話例: If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch? / I want to watch soccer. / I want to watch their great match.
- 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk T: As you know, we're going to host the Olympic and Paralympic Games in 2020. There are many events. What events do you want to watch? T: Yes! Those are very interesting to watch. One event I want to watch is softball. They run, hit, and pitch very fast! I played softball when I was a junior high school student. I have lots of good memories. So, I want to watch high level games. If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, S1? T: Yes. I want to watch that, too. How about you? If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, S2? And why?</p> <p>② S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the event you want to watch in pairs.</p>	<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: 卓球! 水泳!  S1: Soccer. I want to watch soccer.  S2: Yes. I can. I want to watch table tennis. I like ○○. He/She never gives up. I want to watch his/her games.</p>	<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p> <p>② S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p>
<p>② S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, B? B: Soccer. I want to watch soccer. How about you? If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, A? A: I want to watch table tennis. I like ○○. He / She never gives up. I want to watch his / her games. B: Sounds interesting. I want to watch them, too.</p>		
<p>③ Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: How do you say "100m走" in English?  T: Yes, 100-meter race or dash.</p> <p>④ S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>③ Sharing S3:「100m走」ってなんて言うのですか。 Ss: Run? Dash? Ss: Hundred. Ss: Oh, I see.</p>	<p>③ Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p> <p>④ S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>
<p>④ S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, C? C: Soccer. I want to watch soccer. I want to watch their great matches. How about you? If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch A? A: I want to watch table tennis. I like ○○. He / She never gives up. I want to watch his / her games. I can learn a lot from them. C: Sounds interesting. I want to watch them, too.</p>		

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2. 主な言語材料: 一般動詞の過去形、動名詞、仮定法、不定詞
3. 目指す生徒の発話例 : Focusing on the Paralympic games, can you pick one event that you want to watch? / Wheelchair tennis games. / It's very speedy and powerful. / He/She always shows us his/ her the best performance.
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>① <u>Interactive Teacher Talk</u> T: As you know, we're going to host the Olympic and Paralympic Games in 2020. Last time we talked about the Olympic Games. Today, we change the topic to the Paralympic Games. There are many events. What events do you want to watch?</p> <p>T: Yes! They are very exciting too. One event I want to watch is wheelchair basketball. The players move quickly, powerfully, and crush each other! I watched a movie clip on the internet, and I was very moved by their play. If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, S1? T: Yes. I want to watch them, too. How about you? If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, S2? And why?</p> <p>② <u>S-S Interaction 1</u> T: Let's talk about the event you want to watch in pairs.</p>	<p>① <u>Interactive Teacher Talk</u></p> <p>Ss: 陸上！水泳！</p> <p>S1: Wheelchair tennis games.</p> <p>S2: I want to watch track and field. I like ○○. He / She always shows us his / her best performance.</p>	<p>① <u>Interactive Teacher Talk</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●話題の提供</li> <li>●語彙への意識付け</li> <li>●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</li> </ul>
<p>② <u>S-S Interaction 1 対話例</u></p> <p>A: If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, B? B: Wheelchair tennis games. How about you? If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, A? A: I want to watch track and field. I like ○○. He / She always shows us his / her best performance. I want to watch his / her games. B: Sounds interesting. I want to watch them, too.</p>		<p>② <u>S-S Interaction 1</u></p> <p>以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●聞き手のモデル</li> <li>●取組状況の確認</li> </ul>
<p>③ <u>Sharing</u> T: Do you have any questions? T: That's a good question. Maybe you don't know how to say this in English! It's prosthetic leg. A prosthetic is an artificial body part, such as an arm, foot, or tooth.</p> <p>④ <u>S-S Interaction 2</u> T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>③ <u>Sharing</u> S3:「義足」ってなんて言うのですか。 Ss: Prosthetic leg?</p> <p>Ss: Oh, I see.</p>	<p>③ <u>Sharing</u></p> <p>以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●キーワード等の使用</li> <li>●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起)</li> <li>●対話の継続</li> </ul>
<p>④ <u>S-S Interaction 2 対話例</u></p> <p>A: If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch, C? C: Wheelchair tennis games. They're very speedy and powerful. How about you? If you can watch one event, what event do you want to watch? A: I want to watch track and field. I like ○○. He / She always shows us his / her best performance. He/ She gives me power. I want to watch his / her games. C: Sounds interesting. I want to watch them, too.</p>		<p>④ <u>S-S Interaction 2</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>●変容の確認</li> </ul>

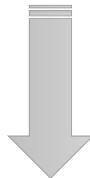


帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:10-12月 日本の文化「学校行事」①

1. トピック及び言語の働き:学校の文化祭(・考えや意図を伝える)
2. 主な言語材料:動名詞 practice
3. 目指す生徒の発話例 S1: Please tell me about the best event at your school. S2: Chorus Festival. We practice singing and cooperate with each other.
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: There are many school events through the year. For example, we're going to have the school festival soon. Today, let's talk about the best school events. S1, what is your idea? T: Why?</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the best school event in pairs.</p> <p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: OK, who can help S2? T: Good idea, thank you. Actually, "遠足" is a school excursion in English.</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk S1:Chorus Festival.  S1: I like singing, and I like listning to music, too.</p> <p>③Sharing S2: I don't know the word, "遠足" in English. S3: I think it's a school trip. S2: I see. School excursion.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p> <p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>

②S-S Interaction 1  
A: What is the best school event? What do you think?  
B: Chorus. We practice singing and cooperate with each other.  
A: Do you like singing songs? What did you sing?



④S-S Interaction 2  
A: Please tell me about the best event at school.  
C: Sports Festival is the best. We run jump, throw and so on. We also root for our friends. What do you think?  
A: I think sports day is a good event. It's fun. However, I like a school excursion better. I can learn many things outside of the school.  
C: Oh, I see.

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:10-12月 日本の文化「学校行事」②

1. トピック及び言語の働き:学校の文化祭(・考えや意図を伝える)
2. 主な言語材料:動名詞 practice jump
3. 目指す生徒の発話例 S1: Please tell me about the best event in your school. S2: Chorus Contest. We practice singing and cooperate with each other.
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T:Today, we're going to talk about the most exciting school event. S1, what is the most exciting school event for you? T: Why?  T: That' s a good idea!</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the most exciting school event in pairs.</p> <p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: I see. 仲間 is a difficult word. Are teachers 仲間 for you? T: Good! So you can use "friends" this time. You can also use "classmates."</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk S1: I think the Chorus festival is the most exciting. S1: Because everyone in this class <u>practices</u> singing again and again to get the prize. We're all different, but all of us have the same goal. I think it's exciting.</p> <p>③Sharing S2: It was difficult to say "仲間を応援する" in English. S2: Well, I think teachers are not 仲間. 仲間 are my friends.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p> <p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p> <p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p> <p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>

②S-S Interaction 1  
A: What is the most exciting school event for you?  
B: Chorus festival is the most exciting. We practice singing and cooperate with each other.  
A: I think so, too. We got the 1st prize. We were very happy!

④S-S Interaction 2  
A: Please tell me about the most exciting event.  
C: Sports Festival. We run, jump, throw and so on. We also root for our classmates. It's exciting. What do you think?  
A: I agree.





帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期: 1~3月 社会的なこと「制服・私服」①

1. トピック及び言語の働き: 学校・家庭生活の思い出 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・事実・情報を伝える・相手の行動を促す)

2. 主な言語材料: 過去形(一般動詞、be動詞)、比較など : expensive, pay

3. 目指す生徒の発話例

Which do you like better, (school uniforms) or (casual wear)? I like (school uniforms) better than (casual wear).  
Why do you think so? Because (if we choose school uniforms, we don't have to worry about what to wear).

4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)		指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: Today let's talk about school uniforms and casual wear. Which do you like better, school uniforms or casual wear? How about you, S1? T: Why do you think so? T: I see. We have to think about our clothes. Time, place, and occasion. How about the prices of casual wear? Are they cheaper than school uniforms, S2? T: It depends. If you buy expensive casual wear, you have to pay more money. T: Which do you like better, school uniforms or casual wear?</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: casual wear. / School uniforms. S1: I like casual wear (better than school uniforms). S1: Because we have to worry about what to wear. Time, place, and 場合. Ss: Oh, I don't know. S2: I like school uniforms better than casual wear.</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p>
<p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the clothes in pairs.</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: Which do you like better, school uniforms or casual wear? B: I like school uniforms better. A: Oh, you like school uniforms better. Why do you think so? B: Because I don't want to waste time choosing my clothes in the morning.</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 (毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p>
<p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: “冠婚葬祭に着られるってもっと具体的に言う?”(学級全体へ問いかける) T: Good idea. 結婚式でも葬式でもとは? Give me the sentences. Yes, weddings and funerals. So, if you choose school uniforms, you can wear them at weddings or funerals. T: (少し待って)Do you have any ideas? ...</p>	<p>③Sharing S3: 「冠婚葬祭に着れる」はなんですか? S4: 結婚式でも葬式でも着られる?</p>	<p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。 (毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p>
<p>④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: Which do you like better, school uniforms or casual wear? C: I like school uniforms better. A: Oh, really? Why do you think so? C: Because if we choose school uniforms, we don't have to worry about what to wear. A: I see. But school uniforms are expensive, right? C: Yes, maybe. But we can wear it at weddings and funerals.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:1~3月 社会的なこと「制服・私服」②

- トピック及び言語の働き:学校・家庭生活の思い出 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・事実・情報を伝える・相手の行動を促す)
- 主な言語材料:過去形(一般動詞、be動詞)、比較など : expensive, practice, maybe
- 目指す生徒の発話例  
Which do you like better, (school uniforms) or (casual wear)? I like (school uniforms) better than (casual wear).  
Why do you think so? Because (if we choose School uniforms, we don't have to think about them).
- 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)		指導上の留意点
<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk T: Which do you like better, school uniforms or casual wear?(全体に問いかける) Let's think about the topic again. Which do you like better, S1?(個別に問いかける) T: Why do you think so? What are good points about school uniforms?  T: I see. If we have our school uniforms, we don't have to worry about what to wear every morning. Time to choose clothes. Are there any other good points about school uniforms? T: That's true. We can wear them on special occasions. For example? T: Oh, you're right. For example, at weddings or funerals. Anything else?</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk  S1: I like school uniforms (better than casual wear). S1: Because we don't have to worry about our clothes every morning.  S2: We can wear school uniforms on special occasions. S2: For example, weddings and soshiki. (葬式)</p>	<p>①Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p>
<p>②S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about the clothes in pairs.</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: Which do you like better, school uniforms or casual wear? B: I like school uniforms better. A: Oh, you like school uniforms. Why? B: Because school uniforms are cool. What do you think? A: Really? I don't think so. I want to change my clothes every day.</p>	<p>②S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p>
<p>③Sharing T: Do you have any questions? T: 「値段が安い」は? (全体に問う) T: Good. Cheap! とか「高くない」でもいいね。 T: (少し待って) Do you have any ideas? ...</p>	<p>③Sharing S3: 「値段が安い」ってなんていうのですか。 S4: Cheap.</p>	<p>③Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p>
<p>④S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk about the same topic again in new pairs.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: Which do you like better, school uniforms or casual wear? C: I like school uniforms better. A: Oh, really? Why do you think so? C: Because if we choose school uniforms, we don't have to worry about what to wear. A: Tell me more. C: Time is money. We have a lot of things to do. A: Really? I don't think so. Because we have to choose our clothes. According to time, place, and occasion.</p>	<p>④S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期:1~3月 したいこと・予定「修学旅行」①

- トピック及び言語の働き:したいこと・予定 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える・相手の行動を促す)
- 主な言語材料:未来形、付加疑問文、仮定法
- 目指す生徒の発話例: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next?/ I would visit ○○ first and eat ○○. / I would go to historical places to learn history and find a souvenir for my brother. / Sounds interesting. / That's a wonderful idea!
- 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk T: You are going to go on a school trip. Where do you go? Which place are you going to visit? T: Oh, those are such nice places to visit, aren't they? T: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, S1? T: Oh, that's a nice idea! I like it! T: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, S2? T: Nice idea! I would like to go there together.</p> <p>② S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about your plan in pairs.</p>	<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk Ss: ○○! ○○!  S1: I would visit ○○ and eat ○○.  S2: I would visit □□, and eat △△. And then, go to ☆☆!</p>	<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p>
<p>② S-S Interaction 1 対話例</p> <p>A: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, B? B: I would arrive at ○○ first and eat ○○. How about you? If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, A? A: Yes. I would visit ~ first, and eat ~. And then, go to ~! B: Sounds interesting. That's a wonderful idea!</p>		<p>② S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p>
<p>③ Sharing T: Do you have any questions? Feel free to ask me if you have any questions. T: That's a good question. How do you say "おみやげ" in English? Do you know? Can you guess? T: Yes, it's close, I understand what you want to say. Have you ever heard a word, "souvenir"? Maybe this is the first time for you to hear this word. This is a good word to remember. I think you can use it.</p>	<p>③ Sharing S3: 「おみやげ」ってなんて言うのですか。  Ss: Present!  Ss: Oh, I see.</p>	<p>③ Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p>
<p>④ S-S Interaction 2 対話例</p> <p>A: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, C? C: I would visit ○○ first and eat ○○. How about you? If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, A? A: Yes. I would visit ~ first, and eat ~. And then, go to ~! I would go to historical places to learn history and find a souvenir for my brother. He likes to learn history. C: Sounds interesting. That's a wonderful idea!</p>		<p>④ S-S Interaction 2 ●変容の確認</p>

帯活動 各時間の展開案 第2学年 指導時期: 1～3月 したいこと・予定「修学旅行」②

1. トピック及び言語の働き: したいこと・予定 (・コミュニケーションを円滑にする・気持ちを伝える・考えや意図を伝える・相手の行動を促す)
2. 主な言語材料: 未来形、付加疑問文、仮定法
3. 目指す生徒の発話例: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next? / I would visit Hawaii, and go to a beautiful beach and then, watch a local dance.
4. 各時間の展開案(各週4コマ中2コマの帯活動の時間を使って実施)

言語活動 及び 各対話例(教師の発話例)	言語活動 及び 対話例(生徒の発話例)	指導上の留意点
<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk T: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, S1? T: Oh, that's a nice idea! I like it! T: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, S2? T: Nice idea! I would like to go there together.</p> <p>② S-S Interaction 1 T: Let's talk about your plan in pairs.</p> <div data-bbox="273 502 969 624" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>② S-S Interaction 1 対話例 A: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, B? B: I would visit ○○ first and eat ○○. How about you? A: I would visit Hawaii, and go to a beautiful beach. And then, watch a local dance. B: Sounds interesting. That's a wonderful idea!</p> </div> <p>③ Sharing T: Do you have any questions? Feel free to ask me if you have any questions. T: That's a good question. How do you say "地域の" in English? Do you know? Can you guess? T: Yes, it's close. I understand what you want to say. Have you ever heard a word, "local"? Maybe you have heard this word before. This is good word to remember. I think you can use it.</p> <p>④ S-S Interaction 2 T: Let's talk again about the same topic in new pairs.</p> <div data-bbox="273 842 1070 979" style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>④ S-S Interaction 2 対話例 A: If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, C? C: I would visit ○○ first and eat ○○. How about you? If you could plan a school trip to a foreign country, where would you visit first and what would you do next, A? A: First I would visit Hawaii, and go to a beautiful beach. And then, watch a local dance. The next day, I would go to Thailand, and I would watch a local dance there. I want to compare the two of them. I think this is a good idea. C: Sounds interesting. I want to go there, too.</p> </div>	<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk S1: I would go to ○○ and eat ○○.  S2: I would visit Hawaii, and go to a beautiful beach. And then, watch a local dance.</p> <p>② Sharing S3: 「地域の」ってなんて言うのですか。  Ss: Place! Ss: Local! Ss: Oh, I see.</p>	<p>① Interactive Teacher Talk ●話題の提供 ●語彙への意識付け ●正確さ及び適切さに関する指導</p> <p>② S-S Interaction 1 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●聞き手のモデル ●取組状況の確認</p> <p>③ Sharing 以下のいずれかを計画的に行う。(毎時間全てを行う必要はない) ●キーワード等の使用 ●パラフレーズ(既習表現の想起) ●対話の継続</p> <p>④ S-S Interaction 2 ●要容の確認</p>