Results of the monitoring in response to the accidents of Fukushima Dai-ichi NPP

- 1. Monitoring time 2011/04/15
- 2. The results of monitoring
- (1) South-East district

Monitoring equipment: monitoring car

(unit: μ Sv/h)

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Monitoring post		Monitoring time	Reading
Sendai city	Parking of the main branch of	$10:06 \sim 10:16$	0.10
	Tohoku Electric Power		
Yamamoto town	Around Yamamoto town hall	$11:55 \sim 12:05$	0.16
Marumori town	Around Marumori town hall	$13:03 \sim 13:13$	0.30
Kakuda city	Around Kakuda city hall	$13:35 \sim 13:45$	0.25
Watari town	Around Watari fire station	$14:22 \sim 14:32$	0.19

(2) South-West district

Monitoring equipment: survey meter

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring post		Monitoring time	Reading
Shichikashuku	Around Shichikashuku town hall	$10:17 \sim 10:27$	0.20
town			
Shiroishi city	Shiroishi branch office of Tohoku	$11:03 \sim 11:13$	0.20
	Electric Power		
Ogawara town	Around Ogawara town hall	$11:43 \sim 11:53$	0.22
Iwanuma city	Iwanuma branch office of Tohoku	$13:15 \sim 13:25$	0.13
	Electric Power		
Natori city	Around Natori city hall	14:03~14:13	0.13

(3) Sendai city

Monitoring equipment: transportable monitoring post Monitoring point: Miyagi Prefectural government hall building [rooftop] (Aoba-ku, Sendai)

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring time	Mean	Maximum	Minimum	(Reference) Past range
	value	value	value	$2009/4 \sim 2011/3$
2011/04/14 18:00	0.081	0.086	0.077	$0.0176{\sim}0.0513$
~				(Miyagi Prefectural
2011/04/15 17:00				Institute of Public Health
				and Environment)

(4) Others

If the maximum reading(0.30 μ SV/h) would have been lasted for 10 days, the total figure is about 1/135 of the standard (10,000 μ Sv) that residents have to shelter indoors.

Based on Press Release from Miyagi prefecture