

Results of the monitoring in response to the accidents of Fukushima Dai-ichi NPP

1. Monitoring time 2011/04/02

2. The results of monitoring

(1) Yamamoto town district

Monitoring equipment: monitoring car

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring post		Monitoring time	Reading
Sendai city	Parking of the main branch of Tohoku Electric Power	08:54~09:04	0.11
Natori city	Around the Natori city hall	15:17~15:27	0.13
Iwanuma city	Iwanuma branch office of Tohoku Electric Power	14:47~14:57	0.11
Watari town	Around Watari fire station	14:00~14:10	0.26
Yamamoto town	Around Yamamoto town hall	10:15~10:25	0.22
		11:13~11:23	0.21
		12:14~12:24	0.22
		13:14~13:24	0.22

(2) Shiraishi city district

Monitoring equipment: survey meter

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring post		Monitoring time	Reading
Ogawara town	Around Ogawara town hall	14:00~14:10	0.28
Shiraishi city	Shiraishi branch office of Tohoku Electric Power	10:15~10:25	0.26
		11:15~11:25	0.24
		12:15~12:25	0.26
		13:15~13:25	0.26

(3) Sendai city

Monitoring equipment: transportable monitoring post

Monitoring point: Miyagi Prefectural government hall building [rooftop]

(Aoba-ku, Sendai)

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring time	Mean value	Maximum value	Minimum value	(Reference) Past range 2009/4~2011/3
2011/04/01 18:00 ~ 2011/04/02 17:00	0.084	0.088	0.081	0.0176~0.0513 (Miyagi Prefectural Institute of Public Health and Environment)

(4) Others

If the maximum reading(0.28μ SV/h) would have been lasted for 10 days, the total figure is about 1/150 of the standard ($10,000 \mu$ Sv) that residents have to shelter indoors.

Based on Press Release from Miyagi prefecture