

Results of the monitoring in response to the accidents of Fukushima Dai-ichi NPP

1. Monitoring time 2011/03/31

2. The results of monitoring

(1) Yamamoto town district

Monitoring equipment: monitoring car

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring post		Monitoring time	Reading
Sendai city	Parking of the main branch of Tohoku Electric Power	09:20~09:30	0.12
Natori city	Around the Natori city hall	15:46~15:56	0.13
Iwanuma city	Iwanuma branch office of Tohoku Electric Power	15:20~15:30	0.14
Watari town	Around Watari fire station	14:40~14:50	0.28
Yamamoto town	Around Yamamoto town hall	10:42~10:52	0.22
		11:40~11:50	0.22
		12:39~12:49	0.21
		13:41~13:51	0.22

(2) Shiraishi city district

Monitoring equipment: survey meter

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring post		Monitoring time	Reading
Ogawara town	Around Ogawara town hall	13:30~13:40	0.33
Shiraishi city	Shiraishi branch office of Tohoku Electric Power	09:37~09:47	0.29
		10:37~10:47	0.29
		11:37~11:47	0.28
		12:37~12:47	0.28

(3) Sendai city

Monitoring equipment: transportable monitoring post

Monitoring point: Miyagi Prefectural government hall building [rooftop]

(Aoba-ku, Sendai)

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring time	Mean value	Maximum value	Minimum value	(Reference) Past range 2009/4~2011/3
2011/3/30 18:00 ~ 2011/3/31 17:00	0.091	0.098	0.087	0.0176~0.0513 (Miyagi Prefectural Institute of Public Health and Environment)

(4) Others

If the maximum reading(0.33μ SV/h) would have been lasted for 10 days, the total figure is about 1/125 of the standard ($10,000 \mu$ Sv) that residents have to shelter indoors.

Based on Press Release from Miyagi prefecture