

Results of the monitoring in response to the accidents of Fukushima Dai-ichi NPP

1. Monitoring time 2011/03/29

2. The results of monitoring

(1) Yamamoto town district

Monitoring equipment: monitoring car

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring post		Monitoring time	Reading
Sendai city	Parking of the main branch of Tohoku Electric Power	09:13~09:23	0.14
Natori city	Around the Natori city hall	15:10~15:20	0.16
Iwanuma city	Iwanuma branch office of Tohoku Electric Power	14:41~14:51	0.14
Watari town	Around Watari fire station	14:03~14:13	0.28
Yamamoto town	Around Yamamoto town hall	10:31~10:41	0.23
		11:29~11:39	0.23
		12:29~12:39	0.23
		13:29~13:39	0.23

(2) Shiraishi city district

Monitoring equipment: survey meter

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring post		Monitoring time	Reading
Ogawara town	Around Ogawara town hall	13:25~13:35	0.32
Shiraishi city	Shiraishi branch office of Tohoku Electric Power	09:45~09:55	0.30
		10:45~10:55	0.31
		11:45~11:55	0.31
		12:45~12:55	0.32

(3) Sendai city

Monitoring equipment: transportable monitoring post

Monitoring point: Miyagi Prefectural government hall building [rooftop]

(Aoba-ku, Sendai)

(unit: μ Sv/h)

Monitoring time	Mean value	Maximum value	Minimum value	(Reference) Past range 2009/4~2011/3
2011/3/28 18:00 ~ 2011/3/29 9:00	0.101	0.111	0.092	0.0176~0.0513 (Miyagi Prefectural Institute of Public Health and Environment)

(4) Others

If the maximum reading(0.32μ SV/h) would have been lasted for 10 days, the total figure is about 1/130 of the standard ($10,000 \mu$ Sv) that residents have to shelter indoors.

Based on Press Release from Miyagi prefecture