





Robotic Crowd Biology with Maholo LabDroids

Tohru Natsume, Ph.D.

Molecular Profiling Research Center for Drug Discovery Research Director

Robotic Biology Institute Inc.
Chief Scientific Officer (CSO)

RBI Confidential, ©Robotic Biology Institute Inc. All rights reserved.

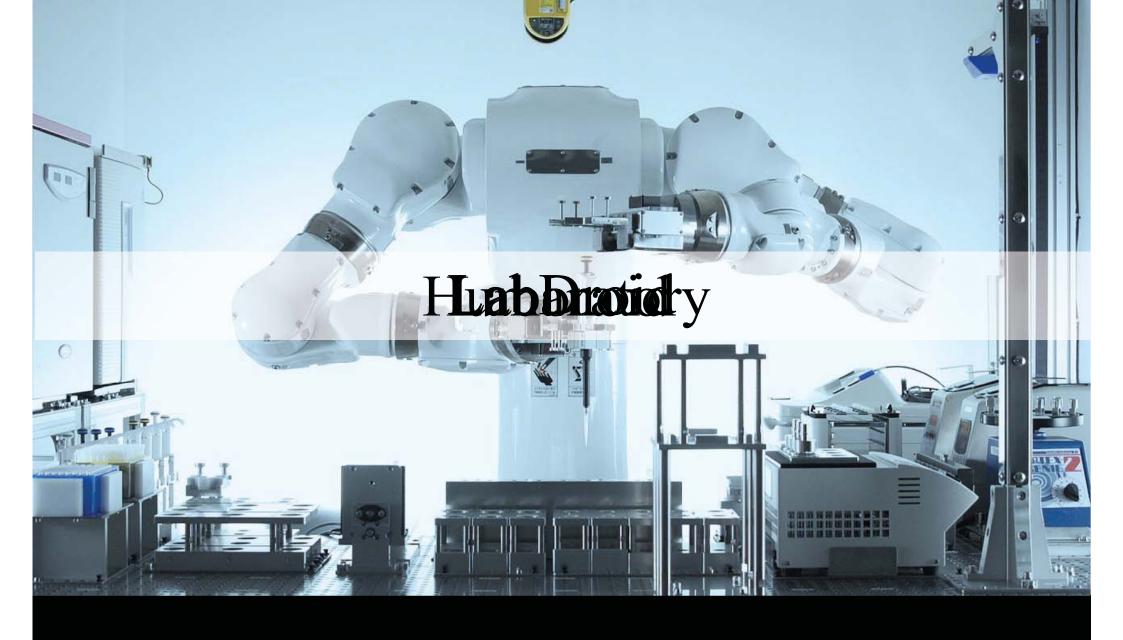
Humanoid

A type of robot replicates or imitates human's skilled movement and maneuvers using same tools and equipment.



What the HUMANOID is NOT is ... a dedicated automation machine.





Researcher devinated operationality and expandability

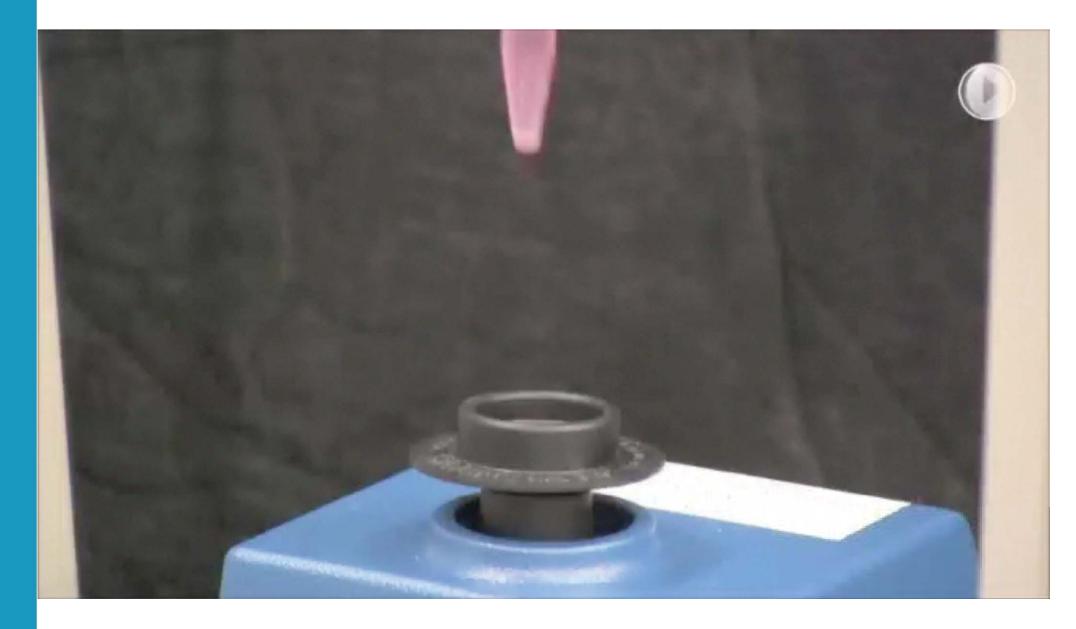
Spin column manipulation



TCA protein precipitation



Vortex mixer



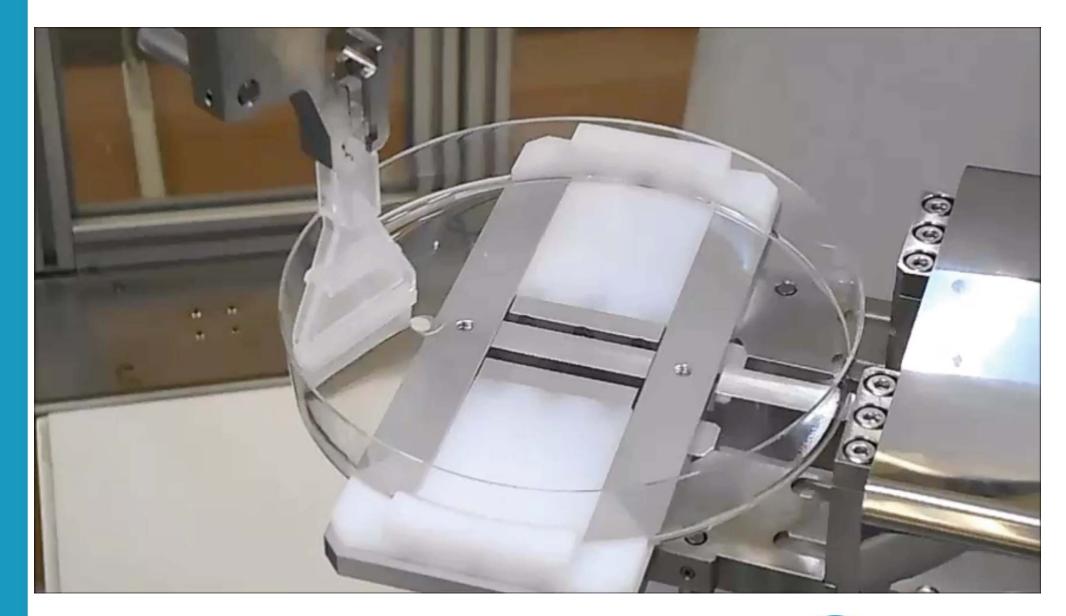
RBI Confidential, ©Robotic Biology Institute Inc. All rights reserved.

Cell Scraping



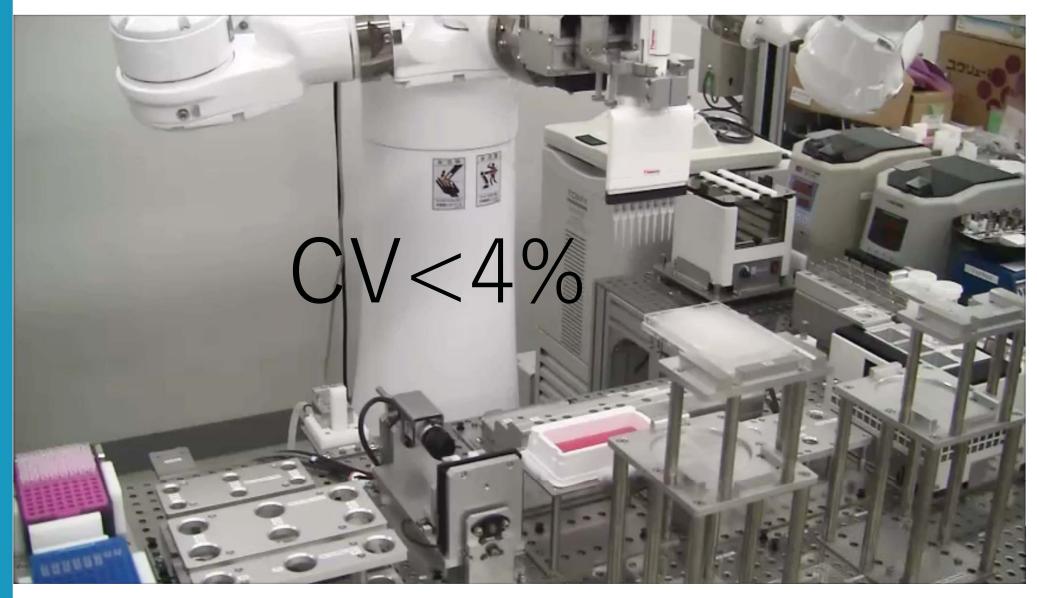
Jig free system



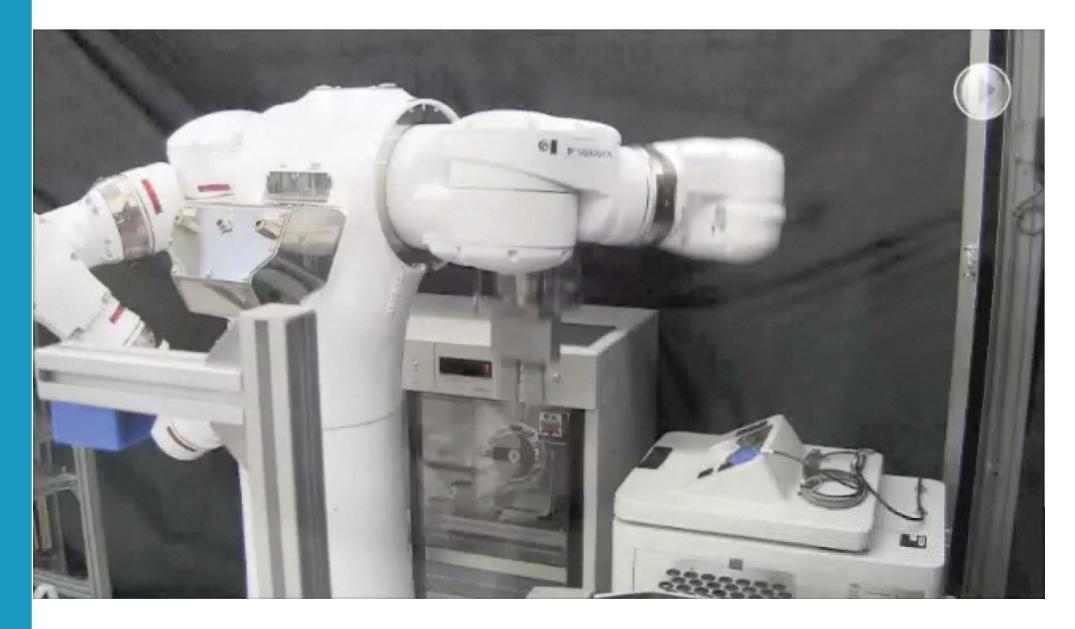




384 multiwell dispensing



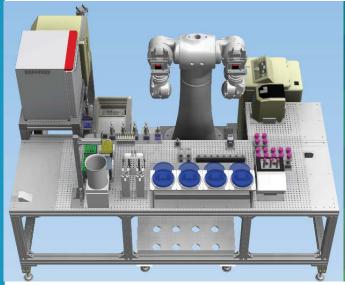
Fridge and Rotator

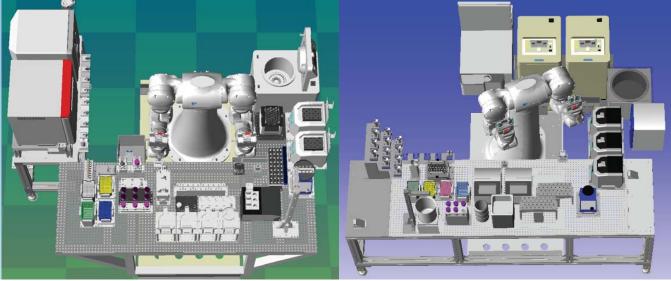


Versatility of LabDroid

For Cell culture Cell-based screening For Proteomics Metabolomics

For Genomics







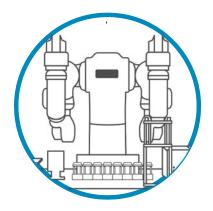
Beyond mere laboratory automation

LabDroid's main value: Optimization and standard Improve efficiency and cut costs



Transfer human skills and expertise/maneuverability to LabDroid

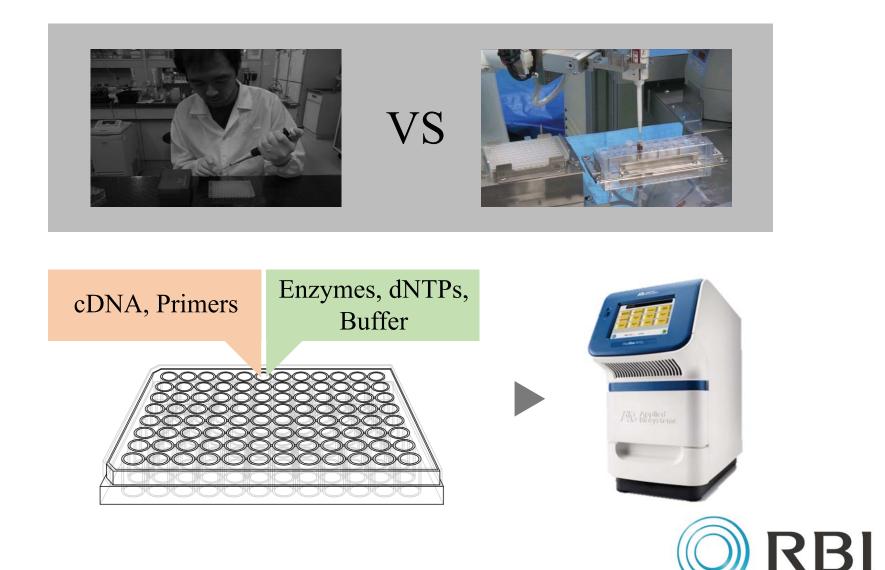
Visualize and digitize human skills and expertise/tacit knowledge



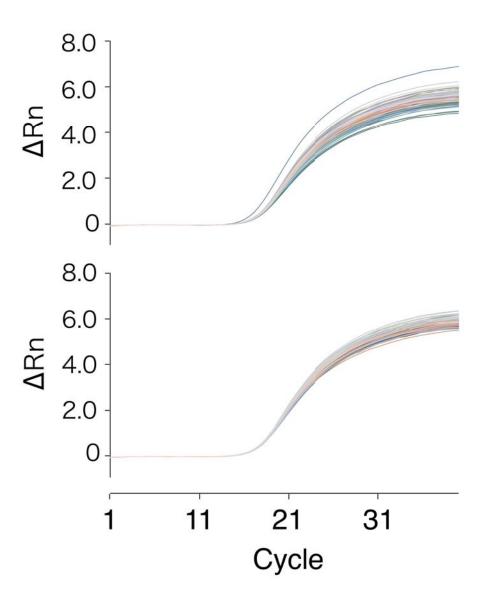


Ex. 1 | Reproductibility in real-time PCR

Microvolume dispensing – accuracy crucial for quality results



LabDroid outperforms skillful humans Real-time PCR profile



Manual

 $CV \sim 10-20\%$

LabDroid

CV < 4%

Record-breaking performance



LabDroid outperforms skilled humans

Real-time PCR competition: humans vs LabDroid

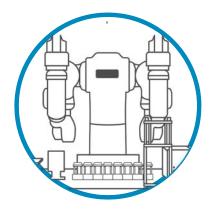
Best performer

$$CV = 10\%$$



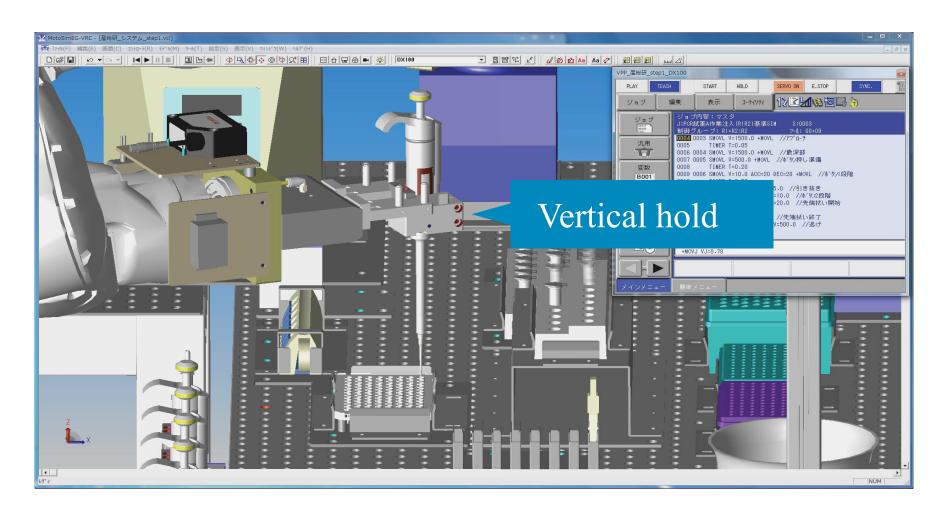
LabDroid

$$CV < 4\%$$





Optimize performance of µL scale pipetting



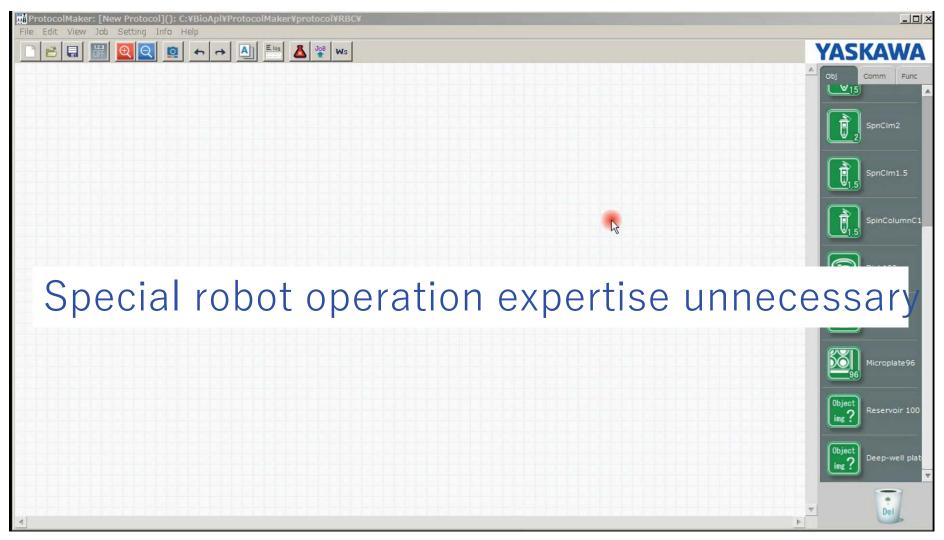
- Step 1 | Tip down 2 mm above well bottom 5 | Second plunger push 30 mm/sec
 - 2 | First plunger push at 15 mm/sec
 - 3 | Move tip up 2 mm, 0.5 mm/sec
 - 4 | Wait 0.5 sec

6 | Raise

7 | Move up vertical

Optimization interface: Protocol Maker

LabDroid is operated from a PC or tablet, equipped with software that allows researchers to set up any protocol simply and intuitively.





Beyond mere laboratory automation

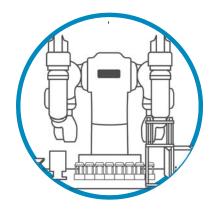
LabDroid's main value: Optimization and standardization of protocols

Outperforms humans



Transfer human skills and expertise/maneuverability to LabDroid

Visualize and digitize human skills and expertise/tacit knowledge





Ex. 3 | Cell-based high-content screening

Failed to narrow down chemical library to discover hit chemicals by humans.
Two researchers struggled for 2 years.

LabDroid achieved successful results on the first attempt!



Keio University School of Medicine



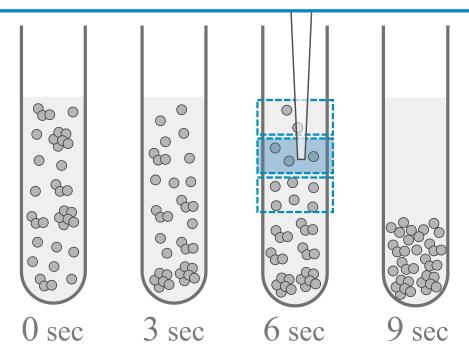
Why do LabDroids succeed?

Reasons for difficulty: Two conflicting factors

Cells must be separated into single cells and then inoculated in each well evenly

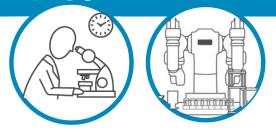
Pipetting into single cell completely damaged cells

Retrieve only from particular depth where cells are dispersed equally with optimum density

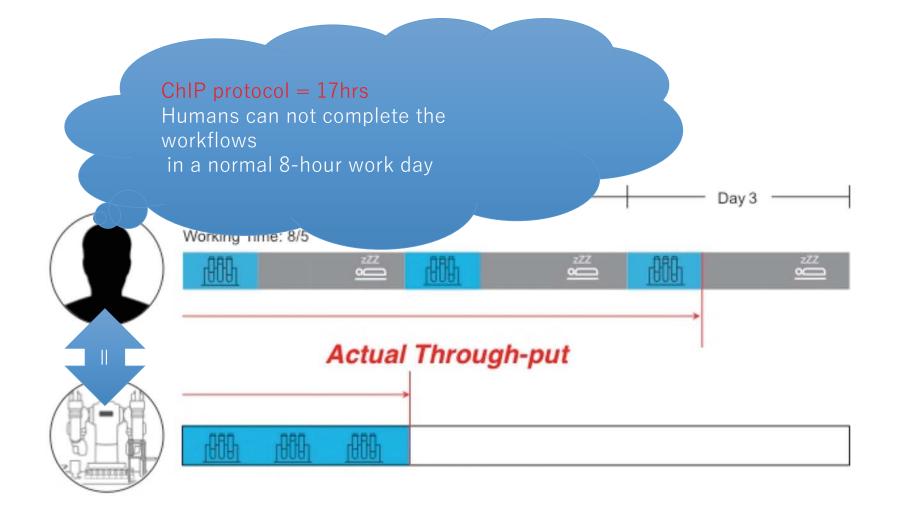


Items optimized

- 1) Dispersion Intensity (viability > 90%)
- 2) Depression time
- 3) Tip position



LabDroid-Researcher collaboration found condition in just one week!





Automation of life science

past, present, and future





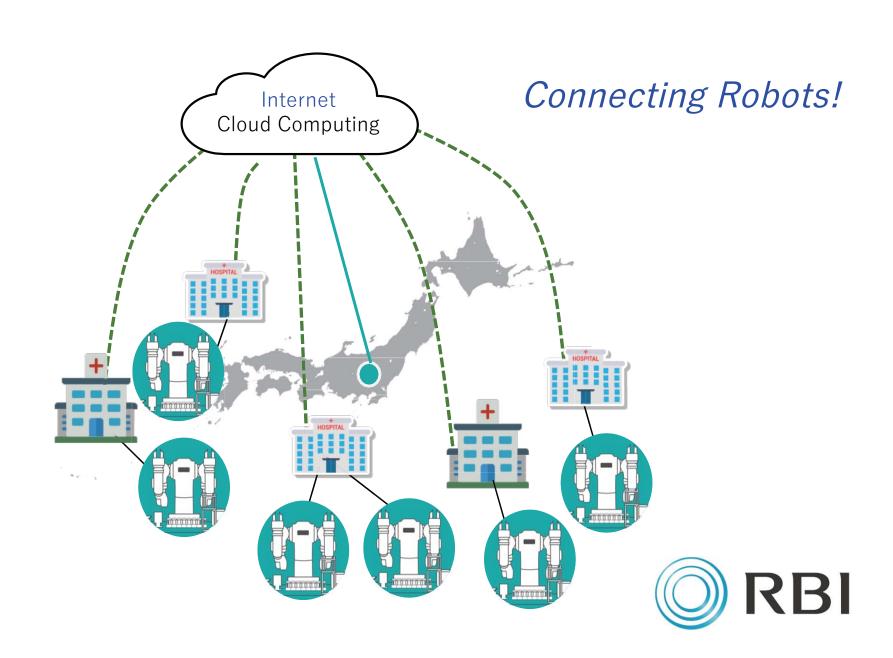
Automation of life science

past, present, and future

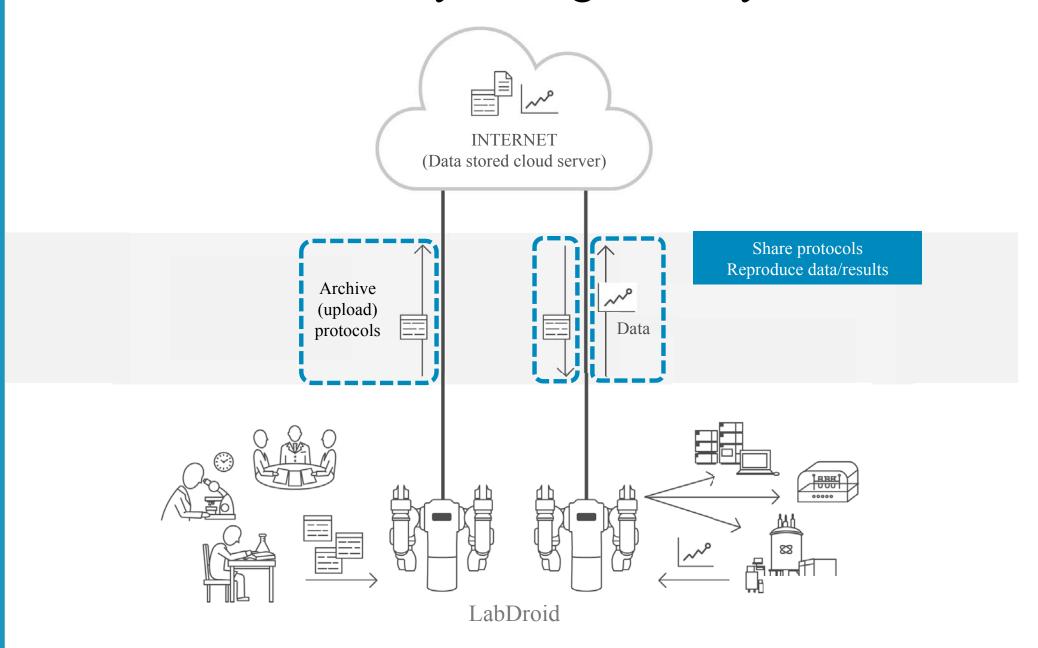




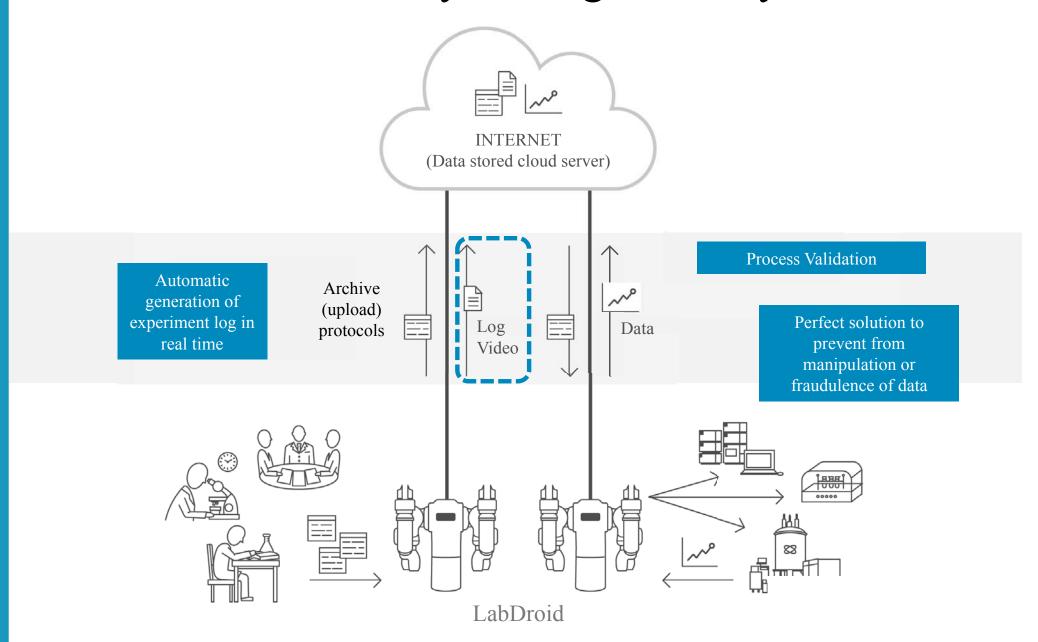
16 LabDroids are already hard at work in JAPAN



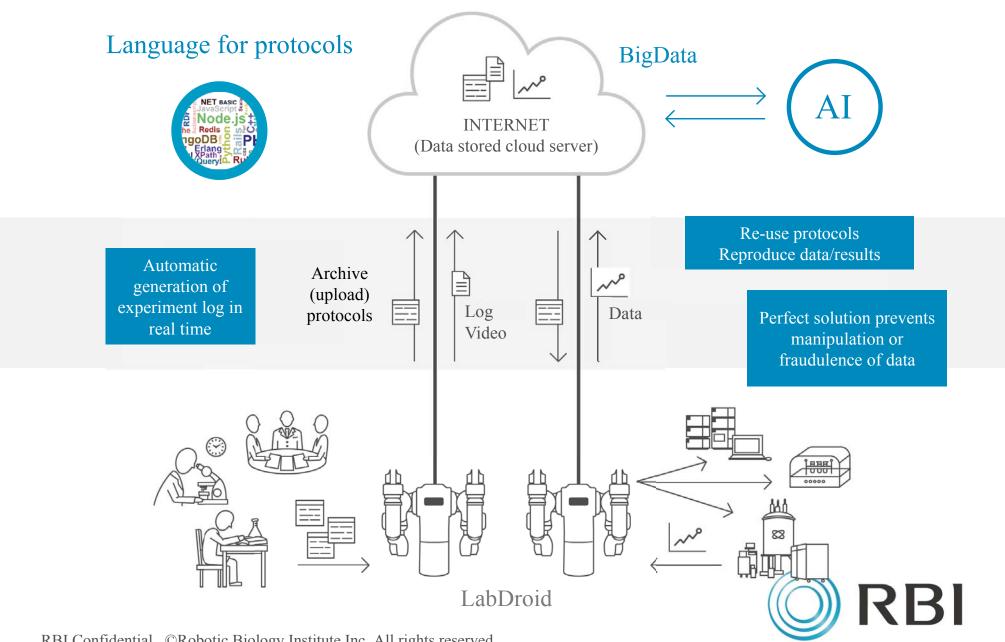
Total laboratory management system



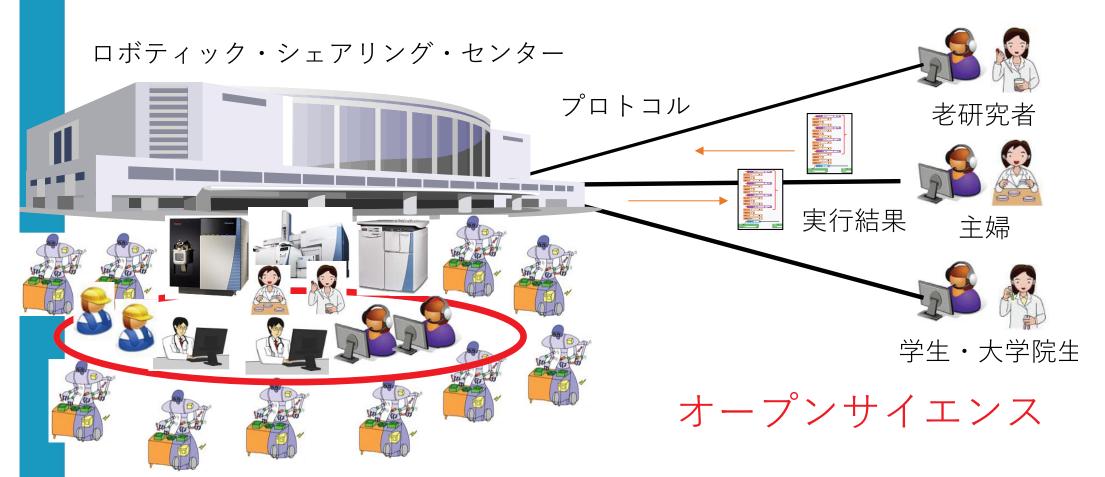
Total Laboratory Management System



LabSphere: Laboratory on Cloud



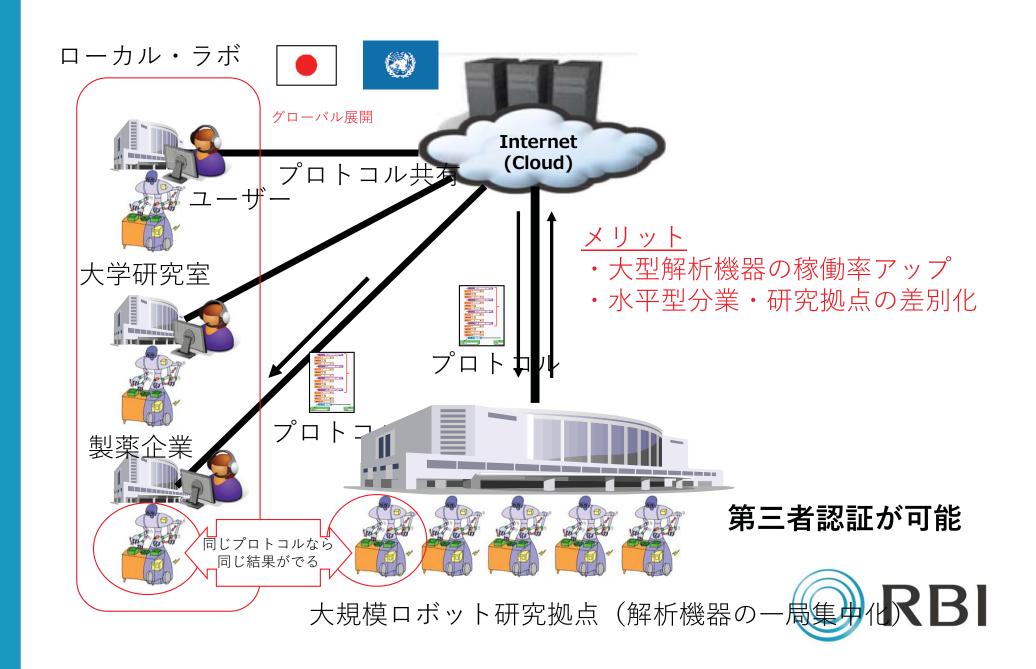
働き方の未来:在宅研究の促進



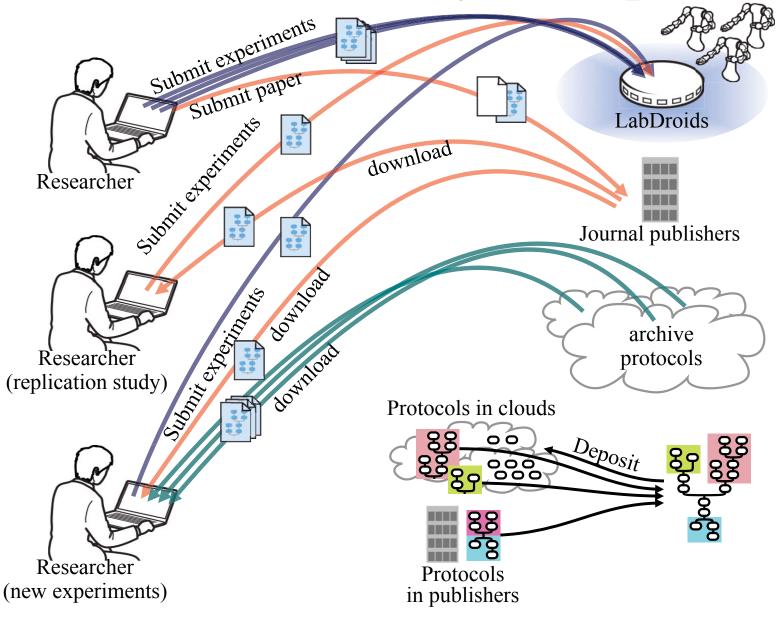
徹底的な人材活用



次の未来:クラウドで繋がっていく ~大規模ロボット研究拠点の創成



Collaboration through LabSphere



N Yachie, T Natsume. "Robotic crowd biology with Maholo LabDroids", *Nature Biotech*. 35, 310–312 (2017).



■ライフサイエンス/バイオインダストリーの抱える 問題

研究生産性の低さと再現性

研究・実験が再現しない理由 技術と経験が、暗黙知として 個人に囲い込まれているため、 再利用・共有が不可能。 実験の成功は個人の技術・経 験頼り、その上再現性が低い。

担当者が変ると、プロジェクトが頓挫する。前任者の技術基盤が、何も残らない。 人材確保が困難。研究開発の安定的継続の危機!

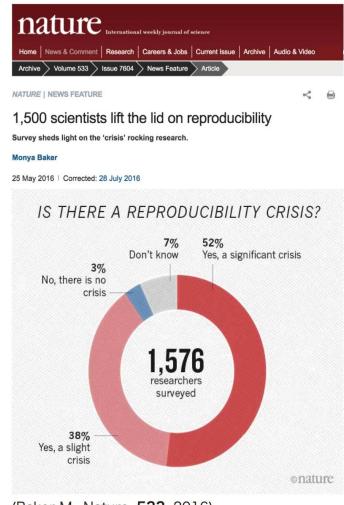
結果:無駄な失敗、 堂々巡り、試行錯誤を 延々と繰り返す! =膨大なコストと時間 研究生産性が低い真因 過去5年間 = 8.6兆円 今後2~3倍増加予測 新薬開発は産業として成り立たなくなる・・

スキル・経験の必要な最先端技術の 導入が困難



「再現性の危機」は問題点の根幹

Nature誌を初め、ライフサイエンス界では、「根源的な問題」として 認識



(Baker M., Nature, 533, 2016)

現在の生命科学の問題点

●再現性

- M Baker, Nature (2016)
 - 52% の人が「深刻な問題がある」と答えている
 - 70% の人が「実験の再現に失敗したことがある」
- Iqbal SA et.al., Plos Biol. (2016)
 - 267/268 の論文の手法の記述が不十分
- 不正行為
- 労働集約的なワークスタイル

再現性は他の問題点の根幹である

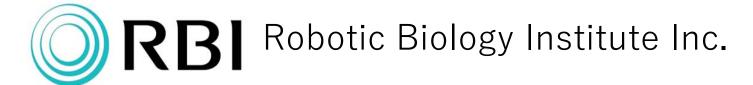
●再現性

あるところで行った実験が、別のところででも 再現するから、巨人の肩の上に立てる

- 不正行為 簡単に(他人の)実験が再現できないから、 不正行為をしてしまう
- 労働集約的なワークスタイル 同じ作業を正確に何度も繰り返すことは、 人間には難しい



$MAH()I_{}()$ まほろ









ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (AIST)